THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE.

VOL. 46. FRIDAY MORNING, AUGUST 5, 1831. NO. 92.

PUBLISHED BY
NEVILLE B. CRAIG,
NEAR THE S. W. CORNER OF THE DIAMOND.

TERMS.

The Gazette is published semi-weekly, (on Tuesday and Friday,) at FOUR dollars per annum, payable half yearly in advance.

The Gazette is also published weekly, (on Friday,) at Two dollars per annum in advance,—or THREE dollars at the end of the year.

WILLIAMSON'S EXCHANGE
PITTSBURGH.

THIS new and extensive Hotel, believed to be one of the best in the United States, is now open for the accommodation of the public.—The advertiser, well known as the conductor of a public house in the cities of Baltimore and Washington, takes this method of informing those who have heretofore patronized him, and travelers generally, that his entire efforts shall be directed to the comfort, ease, and quietude of all who may favor him with their custom. He appeals to his old friends for a "passing word" to strangers who may have occasion to visit Pittsburgh, pledging himself that nothing shall be wanting, on his part, to make their sojourn as agreeable as possible. Charges will be much the same as in the other respectable Hotels. The best servants from the Atlantic cities will be immediately engaged. The proprietor respectfully invites a call.

☞The Gazette, Cincinnati, Advertiser, Louisville, Courier, New Orleans, Intelligencer, Washington, Commercial Advertiser, New York, will insert the above every other day for one month, and forward their accounts to this office within that time. Pittsburgh, Dec. 24.—tf.

FOR RENT,

THE EAGLE STEAM MILL, for manufacturing Flour.

ALSO,

THE FOUNDRY now occupied by Messrs. Kingsland, Lightner & Co., situate on the Monongahela river and Suke's run. Possession to be had on the 1st of April next.

Apply at the Office of the Bank of the United States. January 11.—tf

WHOLESALE
CHINA, GLASS
AND
EARTHENWARE HOUSES.

THE subscribers offer a large and well selected stock, of all kinds and the latest patterns of goods in their line, imported direct from the English and French Potteries, by the way of New Orleans. They with confidence, therefore, invite all western merchants from the states of Virginia, Kentucky, Tennessee, Indiana, Illinois, and Missouri, who have been in the habit of getting their ware from the eastern cities, (over the mountains) to call and examine for themselves.

Their terms are, to pack to order at Philadelphia prices, with an addition of 1½ cents per pound carriage, cash.—Credit arrangements can be made from three to twelve months. From their experience in the trade, they feel competent and pledge themselves to do every thing in their power to give satisfaction. All ware packed at their establishments will be insured, with proper handling, to open sound, for one per cent.

THOMAS G. GAYLORD,
Pittsburgh, Pa.
H. H. GAYLORD & Co.
Wheeling, Va.

February 12, 1830.—tf

Bakewell, Page, & Bakewells,
FLINT GLASS MANUFACTURERS,
Have for sale, an assortment of
Astral or Sinumbral LAMPS,
ON PEDESTALS AND FOR SUSPENSION.
ALSO,
Tuscan, Vase, Mantel & Chamber Lamps,

WHICH, in addition to their usual stock of *PLAIN AND CUT FLINT GLASS,* Patent Moulded, Plain and Cut *Bureau Mountings, &c. &c.* will be disposed of on the lowest terms. Pittsburgh, Nov. 23—tf.

DOMESTIC CLOTH HALL,
No. 72 Wood Street, Pittsburgh.
HAMILTON STEWART,
MANUFACTURER OF
Linen and Cotton Goods,

WHICH he offers for sale at eastern manufacturers' prices, without any addition of carriage, at 3, 4, or 6 months acceptances.

N. B.—Five per cent. discount on all orders exceeding $100. March 19—tf.

The Pittsburgh and Coal Hill Turnpike Road.

PUBLIC notice is hereby given, that books will be opened at the Bookstore of H. Holdship & Son, in the city of Pittsburgh, on Monday the 24th day of March next, to receive subscriptions for the Stock in a company to be entitled "*The President, Managers and Company of the Pittsburgh and Coal Hill Turnpike Road;*" intended for the purpose of making an artificial Road from the city of Pittsburgh, to a point at or near the house of Wm. Farrow, in Pitt township, at which time and place one or more of the under signed will attend.

WM. WILKINS,
HENRY HOLDSHIP,
WM. B. FOSTER,
PETER MOWRY,
WM. PORTER,
WM. ARTHURS,
JAMES BROWN,
} *Commis'nrs.*

Feb. 22, 1828.—tf.

TO IRON FOUNDERS.

TO BE LET, The Iron Foundry, situated on Water street near Grant, lately occupied by Sours & Kingsland. On the premises are a Double Stack and Furnace, Core Oven, Crane, &c. in good order. Apply to

BAKEWELL, PAGE & BAKEWELLS.

☞N. B.—Immediate possession can be given. February 18—tf

EXCHANGE.

WANTED, Michigan and Canada paper.—The highest price given for English, French, and American Gold.

GEORGE A. COOK,
Lottery and Exchange Broker, No 68 Wood st.
Pittsburgh, May 31.

NOTICE.

CHRIS'R MAGEE having taken his nephew, C. L. MAGEE, into partnership, the public are respectfully informed that the business heretofore conducted by him will be continued under the firm of C. & C. L. MAGEE, at the old stand, No. 40 Market street, between Second and Third streets, where they will keep a constant supply of HATS, of the first rate workmanship, and of the newest fashion, which they will dispose of on the most reasonable terms.

CHRIS'R MAGEE,
C. L. MAGEE.

Pittsburgh, May 10, 1831—tf

CHEAP QUEENSWARE.

WETMORE & HAVENS, No. 112 Second street, near Wood street, Pittsburgh, are now receiving their spring supplies of QUEENSWARE AND CHINA, being the manufacture of the first houses in Staffordshire, England.

All ware sold by them is re-packed by careful and experienced hands. Purchasers are consequently not subjected to the risk of getting inferior, crazed and broken ware, which is too generally the case with goods assorted in England, and sent out to be sold in our markets by the original package.

Their personal attention will, as heretofore, be given for the selection and packing of all ware bought of them. Liberal discounts for Cash.

Feb. 25—tf

NOTICE.—All persons indebted to the estate of James Sample, Esq. late of Ross township, deceased, are hereby requested to make payment to the subscribers; and all creditors are requested to present their claims to the said subscribers.

FOR SALE,

A Tract of land, situated on the Allegheny river and Pennsylvania canal, three miles above Pittsburgh, containing two hundred acres, one hundred of which are cleared and in good order, on which are a good barn and a good orchard.

The Docket of the deceased is placed in the hands of Thomas Sample, Esq. of Allegheny.

THOMAS SAMPLE,
WILLIAM SAMPLE,
} Executors.

February 25, 1831.—tf.

FOR THE CURE OF THE TOOTH-ACHE.—The subscribers, having united in the purchase of all Dr. Thomas White's right, (as expressed in his Letters Patent, obtained of the United States, on the 29th July, 1829,) to make and sell the said White's Celebrated Tooth-Ache Drops, in the county of Allegheny, are prepared to supply the city and county with any quantity of said Drops, and warrant them *genuine.*—Sold at Retail, by E. HALE, Surgeon Dentist, at his office, No 70 Fourth street; Wholesale, by JOHN HANNEN & Co., corner of Market and Liberty streets, Pittsburgh.

E. HALE, Dentist,
J. HANNEN, Druggist.

☞The subscriber, in his practice as a Dentist, having successfully and to a considerable extent used "Doctor T. White's Vegetable Tooth Ache Drops," can recommend them, when *genuine*, as superior to any other remedy now in use. If obtained of the subscriber, a *cure* is *guarantied.*

A certificate of the Patentee may be seen at the office of the subscriber, No. 70 Fourth street, near Wood; where all Dental operations will be performed to the satisfaction of the patient, or no charges required.

E. HALE, Surgeon Dentist.

April 15—tf

CIRCULAR.

Pittsburgh, January 29, 1831.

WE beg leave to inform our friends and the public generally, that we have formed a Copartnership, for the purpose of transacting a *General Commission Business* in this place, under the firm of DOBBIN & IRWIN, and that we have taken that spacious Warehouse, on the corner of Second and Ferry streets, lately occupied by Messrs. R. Lindell & Co., where we are prepared to attend to such business as our friends may favor us with.

Mr. Leonard Dobbin will supply the place of his brother, in attending to the business of the house; and with his personal attention, united to a determination of pursuing a well regulated system of attention and punctuality, we hope to prove ourselves worthy the confidence of our friends and correspondents, whose interests it will be our study to promote, adhering strictly to their instructions.

H. R. DOBBIN,
JAMES S. IRWIN.

February 18, 1831—tf

WHOLESALE & RETAIL
GROCERY!

JAMES BROWN, having taken into partnership his nephew, JAMES W. BROWN, respectfully informs his friends and the public that he has removed to his new warehouse, No. 140 Liberty street, where the business will be conducted under the firm of JAMES W. BROWN & CO., who are now receiving an extensive assortment of GROCERIES and LIQUORS, comprising the following, viz:

Rio, Porto Rico, Laguira, St. Dom. & Java Coffee;
Young Hyson, Gunpowder, and Imperial Teas;
Single and Double Refined Loaf Sugar;
Bengal and Caracas Indigo;
James river Tobacco, and best Spanish Segars;
Madder, Ginger, Alum, Rice, &c.;
Pepper, Alspice, Cloves, &c.;
Best Bloom, Bunch, Muscatel and Keg Raisins;
Mackeral, Herring, and No. 1 Trimmed Shad;
New Orleans Sugar, by the hhd. and bbl.;
5 tons Campeachy Logwood;
Superior Hourglass Holland Gin;
Cogniac and Common Brandy;
Madeira, Ten'iffe, Port, Malaga, & Sherry Wines;
Jamaica Spirits, and N. E. Rum;
Whiskey, Flour, Bacon, &c. &c.;
500 bbls. Nos. 1, 2 and 3 Salt;

All of which will be sold low, wholesale or retail, for cash or approved paper.

Country merchants and others will please favor us with a call, previous to purchasing, as they might find it to their advantage.

JAMES W. BROWN & CO.

☞The highest price given, in Cash or Groceries, for Rags, Bacon, Beeswax, Flour, Whiskey, Cheese, &c. &c.

☞The Ravenna Courier, Beaver Argus, Butler Repository, Canton Repository, Steubenville Herald, will insert the above six times, and charge this office. June 24—tf

50 BARRELS No. 1 Mackerel,
75 do. No. 2 do.
25 do. No. 3 do.
100 Barrels New Orleans Molasses.
25 Hogsheads New Orleans Sugar.
2 Barrels Cocoa Nuts.
Received per late arrivals, and for sale by
RIDDLE, FORSYTH & CO.
May 10, 1831.—tf

WATERS' improved Cast and Shear Steel Corn and Grass SCYTHES; Shear and Cast Steel Axes; Improved Steel Spades and Shovels; Hoes, Hatchets—constantly on hand and for sale by RIDDLE, FORSYTH & Co.

March 11.—tf

WOOL—The highest price will be given for clean washed common wool, by

RIDDLE, FORSYTH & CO.

May 10—tf

WILLIAM LECKY is a candidate for the *SHERIFFALTY* of Allegheny county.

July 8—te

NOTICE.—All persons indebted to the late Robert Smith, of Versailles township, are hereby notified to make payment to the subscriber, and those having claims against his estate, to present them for settlement without delay.

SAM'L GORMLY, Adm'r,
Cum testamento annexo.

July 5—5w

TO MANUFACTURERS, &c.

THE subscribers respectfully inform their friends, and the public generally, that they have their Machine Shop in complete operation; and having experienced workmen, they are prepared to build

WOOLLEN AND COTTON MACHINERY,

of every description, and of the most approved kind. They will build Woollen or Cotton Machinery to any pattern, to suit purchasers, and will warrant it to be equal in workmanship, and to perform as well as any that can be brought over the mountains, (New Jersey not excepted;) and they will furnish it at the eastern prices, which will be a saving to the purchaser who buys here, of the carriage, together with the necessary expenses attending transportation.

With a view to encourage our home manufactures, and to be encouraged, the terms of payment will be made accommodating.—Shearing Machines, Shear Blades, Turning Lathes, Fire Engines, Screw Plates and Taps, Governors for Engines, and Turning of every description, will be done to order at a short notice.

F. A. BEMIS & Co.
No. 24, Water Street, Pittsburgh.

Feb. 5, 1830—tf.

LEADEN PIPE.

I HAVE commenced the manufacture of LEADEN PIPE, and will furnish and lay the same, at the most reasonable rate. Any quantity required, warranted to be of the best quality, will be furnished at the shortest notice. JOHN SHERIFF.

Nov. 28, 1828.—tf.

TO LET,

A DWELLING HOUSE with or without the Store room in front. And also, a large Store or Warehouse on St. Clair street.

JOS. PATTERSON.

Feb. 5th, 1830.—tf.

DE LA MONTERAT'S
Columbian Vegetable Specific,

FOR *the cure of Consumptions, Asthma, Pleurisy, Spitting of Blood, and Pulmonary affections of every kind. The most valuable remedy ever discovered for the cure of Consumption and all diseases of the breast and lungs leading to Consumptions.*

DOCTOR RUSH'S
Anti-Dyspeptic or Sour Stomach PILLS,

An invaluable remedy for indigestion in its most complicated forms.

☞Sold by THOMPSON & MILLER, at their Drug Warehouse, No. 81 Wood street, Pittsburgh; and also by CHAS. AVERY & CO., corner of Wood and Second streets. March 4—1y

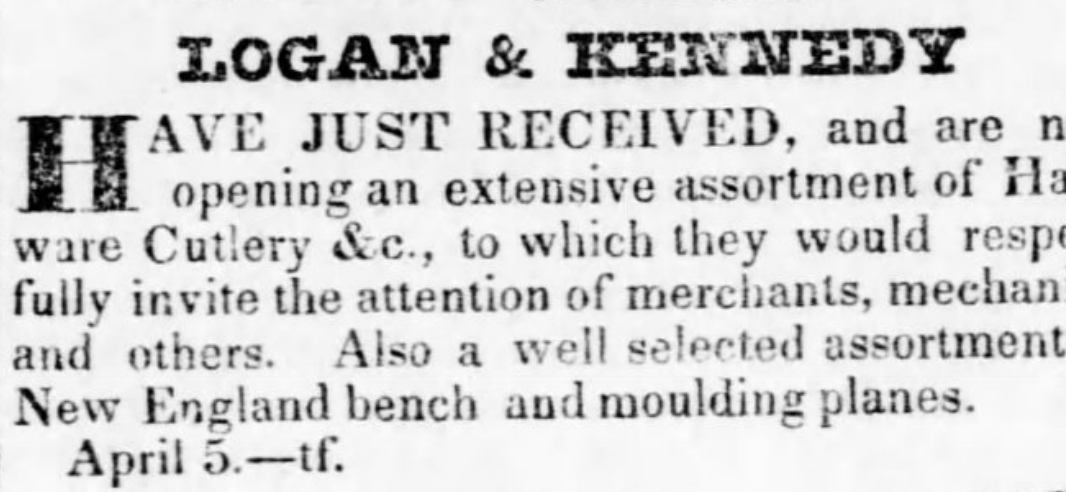
ROBERT G. ORMSBY & Co.
AUCTIONEERS,
Commission and Forwarding Merchants,
LOUISVILLE, Ky.
August 20, 1830—1y.

WHOLESALE
DRY GOODS STORE,
Corner of Wood and Third streets, opposite Griffith's Hotel, and in the house lately occupied by W. Bell & Co.

I HAVE opened a general assortment of DRY GOODS at the above stand, which will be sold at fair market prices, by the piece or package only. My friends and dealers are invited to call. C. CURTIS.

April 15—tf

New Hardware Store,
NO. 66 WOOD STREET, PITTSBURGH.



LOGAN & KENNEDY

HAVE JUST RECEIVED, and are now opening an extensive assortment of Hardware Cutlery &c., to which they would respectfully invite the attention of merchants, mechanics, and others. Also a well selected assortment of New England bench and moulding planes.

April 5.—tf.

NOTICE.

THE SUBSCRIBERS, having disposed of their interest in the house of Riddle, Forsyth & Co. retired from the concern on the 7th instant. The transactions of the house are continued as heretofore under the firm of

RIDDLE, FORSYTH & CO.

Mr. Jacob Forsyth, late of Louisville, and Mr. Robert M. Riddle, of this city, succeed us in the active management of the concern, and will devote their whole attention to its business. We have entire confidence in the ability and disposition of our successors to promote the interest of their correspondents, and would therefore recommend them as deserving the continued support and favor of our friends.

JOHN S. RIDDLE,
JOHN D. BAIRD.

Pittsburgh, Jan. 18, 1831.

CO-PARTNERSHIP.—*John S. Riddle,* (late of the house of Riddle, Forsyth & Co. Pittsburgh,) has formed a connexion with *Washington Jackson,* of Philadelphia. The house will be conducted under the firm of

Washington Jackson & Riddle,
No. 20, South Front street,
PHILADELPHIA.

They will make purchases and effect sales for foreign accounts, and will be pleased to receive consignments of the staples and produce of the west, making liberal advances on all goods addressed to them for sale.

☞The Cincinnati Advertiser, Cincinnati Gazette, Louisville Advertiser, Louisville Journal, Nashville Republican, and Nashville Whig and Banner, Florence Gazette, and Lexington Reporter, will insert the above advertisements once a week for three months, and send their bills to this office. January 18—tf

TILT HAMMERED SPADES & SHOVELS.

BARTRAM'S Hammered Spades and Shovels, warranted of a superior quality. Also, Bartram's Prime Axes, Mattocks, Canal Picks, Hoes, Trace Chains, Log Chains, &c. For sale by S. P. DARLINGTON & Co.

Corner of Fourth and Wood streets.

March 22, 1831.—tf

☞BANK NOTE EXCHANGE.☜

Ohio paper Generally, one half per-ct.

Erie,	½ pr. ct.	Urban. Bk. Co.	3 to 5
Virginia,	1	Scioto Bk.	3 to 5
N. Y. City Notes	1	Michigan	3 to 5
Delaware do ½ to	1	Canada	4
Canton	2	Georgia & N. Car.	4
Wilks'b.	2	South Carolina	3
Pottsville	2	N. York, Con.	2
Greensburgh	30	R. Isl., Vermont,	
Old Bk. Steub.	25	Mass., N. Hamp.	
Maryland,	½ to 1	New Jersey	1 to 2

GOLD.

Sovereigns 4 65. American Gold 2 per-ct. premium. GEORGE A GOOK,

Lottery and Exchange Broker, *No. 68 Wood Street, Pittsburgh.* April 29.—tf.

Drawing, Painting, and Gilding,
IN ALL THEIR VARIETIES
J. NEWTON

HAS removed to No. 27 Market street, between Front and Second, where he intends carrying on the above; and he assures the public that he will execute all orders with which he may be favored in as neat a manner, upon as reasonable terms, and as promptly, as can be done on the west of the mountains. Portraits and Miniatures executed in a superior style, and paintings bought, sold, exchanged, or repaired.

J. N. will continue to receive a small class of pupils.

LITHOGRAPHY.

J. N. has established a Lithographic Press, and is prepared to execute all kinds of Lithographic Printing. Those who wish to have a multiplicity of copies from any design, will find this a beautiful substitute for copperplate engraving, and will experience a considerable saving of time and expense by preferring it.

Just published, the first number of a series of Ornaments, which will be found useful to Architects, Painters, Carvers, Gilders, Engravers, Cabinet Makers, Chair Ornamenters, Statuaries, and all persons whose business is connected with the Fine Arts.

J. N. respectfully solicits subscribers to a work on Flower, Fruit, and Shell Painting, &c., which he intends publishing as soon as the materials are in readiness. The work will contain the whole theory of the art, as far as its title purports, and will greatly aid those who wish to devote a part of their leisure hours to this branch of painting.

May 6, 1831.

WANTED, Georgia, North Carolina, and South Carolina paper. Also, Notes of the Michigan and Canada Banks.

GEORGE A. COOK,
Lottery and Exchange Broker, No. 68 Wood str't.
May 10, 1831.

REMOVAL.
DOCTOR E. C. S. SUGG,
SURGEON AND ACCOUCHEUR,
(From London, and recently of Baltimore,)

HAS Removed from his residence in Irwin street, to No. 57 Liberty street, corner of Virgin alley, *(the house lately occupied by Doctor J. S. Irwin,)* where he continues the practice of his profession, in all its various branches. Dr. S. will keep for sale a choice assortment of DRUGS, MEDICINES, DYE-STUFFS, PAINTS, &c. Also, Family Medicines of his own compounding and selection. April 22—tf

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.—The partnership heretofore existing under the firm of Walter Fortune & Sons, Saddletree Manufacturers, was dissolved, by mutual consent, on the 26th day of April last. All persons indebted to the late firm will make payment to Walter Fortune and James Fortune, who are duly authorised to receive the same, and who will settle all accounts due by the said firm.

WALTER FORTUNE,
JAMES FORTUNE,
LUKE FORTUNE,
JOHN FORTUNE.

The business will be carried on as usual, at the old stand, in Fourth street, between Wood and Smithfield streets, by Walter Fortune and James Fortune, under the firm of WALTER FORTUNE & SON.

☞Two or three Journeymen Saddletree makers, and three or four Apprentices, wanted immediately. Apply to W. F. & SON.

May 12, 1831.—3mo

CITY AUCTION ROOM,
NO. 41 WOOD STREET,
Opposite the Pittsburgh Hotel.

P. M'KENNA, *Auctioneer,* respectfully informs his friends and the public, that he is now prepared, at the above establishment, to discharge the duties of his office, and hopes, by strict attention to business, to merit a share of public patronage. ☞Regular days of Public Sales, every MONDAY and THURSDAY, at 10, A. M. and 2, P. M.; and Evening Sales on TUESDAY and FRIDAY of each week.

Pittsburgh, November 5, 1830—tf.

JOHN P. GEDDES, M. D.

OFFERS his services to the citizens of Pittsburgh and its vicinity, in the different branches of the medical profession. He hopes that the experience acquired during eight years' *extensive* practice, may entitle him to a share of public confidence.

His office is in St. Clair street, next door to the Exchange building. July 12—tf

GEORGE A. COOK, Lottery & Exchange Broker, No. 68 Wood street, Pittsburgh, purchases Notes of all the Banking Institutions in the United States. Also, Foreign & American Gold, Broken Bank paper, &c.

March 11, 1831.

PORCELAIN TEETH.
DR. E. MERRITT—DENTIST,
Fourth Street, between Wood and Market,
PITTSBURGH.
March 4, 1831.—tf

ROSS WILKINS,
ATTORNEY AT LAW.

HAS Removed his Office to Liberty Street between Third and Fourth. Ap. 1.

JOB PRINTING

EXECUTED, with neatness and despatch, at the Office of the PITTSBURGH GAZETTE. April 26

2500 LBS. Spanish Sole Leather; 140 bbls. Prime Monongahela Whiskey; for sale by LITTLE & HAYS.

Pittsburgh, July 26, 1831—tf.

HENRY HOLDSHIP AND SON'S
PRICES CURRENT.

CAP PAPER, per r'm,	hot press,	$4 25 a 4 50
do. do. do.	fine,	3 25 a 3 75
do. do. do.	common,	2 25 a 3 00
LETTER do. do.	hot press,	3 75 a 4 00
do. do. do.	common,	2 50 a 3 25
PRINTING PAPER, per ream,		2 37 a 5 25
WRAPPING do.	Imperial, per ream,	2 75
do. do.	Medium, do.	1 75
do. do.	Crown, do.	1 12
TEA PAPER,	Medium, do.	2 00
do. do.	Crown, do.	1 50
PASTEBOARDS, per groce,		$5 00 a 5 25
FULLERS' PRESS PAPERS, per lb.		25
PAPER HANGINGS, per piece,		31¼ a 75
BORDERS,	do.	12½ a $2 50

December 10, 1830.

PRICES CURRENT.

JAS. W. BROWN & CO.
WHOLESALE PAPER WAREHOUSE,
No. 140 Liberty street.

LETTER PAPER, per ream,			$3 00	to	$3 25
do	do	do	2 50	to	2 75
CAP	do	do	3 00	to	3 25
do	do	do	2 50	to	2 75
do	do	do	2 00	to	2 25
PRINTING do,	Imperial,		4 00	to	5 50
do	Superroyal,		3 50	to	5 25
do	Medium,		2 50	to	3 25
do	Demy,		2 00	to	2 25
WRAPPING,	Imperial,		1 87	to	2 25
do	Medium,		1 62	to	1 75
do	Crown,		75	to	1 00
TEA PAPER,	Medium,		1 87	to	2 37
PASTEBOARDS,			4 50	to	5 00
FULLERS' PRESSBOARDS,	lb.		20	to	22 cts.

☞A liberal discount to wholesale purchasers.

June 24, 1831—tf

DOBBIN & IRWIN have in store and offer for sale on accommodating terms:

250 bags Havanna COFFEE,
30 hhds. N. O. SUGAR,
5 boxes Havanna SUGAR,
10 bbls. ALMONDS,
200 do. MACKAREL, numbers 2 and 3,
20 half bbls. do. Nos. 1 and 2.
18 bbls. Mess SHAD,
15 do. TAR,
35 hhds. TOBACCO,
60 bales Tennessee COTTON,
2000 lbs. LOGWOOD.

Pittsburgh, July 10.—tf.

NOTICE.—All persons indebted to the estate of JULIEN DROCOURT, late of the city of Pittsburgh, deceased, are requested to make payment to the subscribers, and persons having claims on the estate, will present them to us for settlement.

THOMAS PLUMER, *Executor,*
HENRIETTA DROCOURT, *Executrix.*

July 26, 1831.—tf

WATERS' Improved Cast steel Axes;
do. do. Waldren Corn and Grass Scythes;
Waters' Improved Steel Spades and Shovels;
do. do. do. Hoes;
do. Picks, Broad Axes, Hatchets, Hay and Manure Forks; constantly on hand and for sale by

July 26, 1831—tf. LITTLE & HAYS.

G. MERRITT, DENTIST.

NO. 65 FOURTH STREET, between Market and Wood, Pittsburgh. July 29

SIX CENTS REWARD.—Ran away from the subscribers, THOMAS ROBINSON, an indented apprentice to the Glass Blowing business, aged 19. Said boy is large for his age, is much pock marked, and has a very down look when spoken to. It is supposed he went away in company with a man named Goodall, a tailor, for some eastern city. All persons are forbidden to harbor or trust him on any account. The above reward but no charges will be paid for placing him in any jail in the United States, as it may prevent future depredations on the public.

R. B. CURLING & SONS.

July 29—3t

VIEWS IN IRELAND.—Ireland Illustrated; comprising views of the splendid Public Buildings, Scenery, Seats and Mansions, Antiquities, &c. &c. of this Island.

ALSO, on the same plan, Jones' Views in London; Jones' Gentlemen Seats, Jones' Views in Edinburgh; Jones' Views in Bath and Bristol; Fisher's Views in Lancashire; Fisher's Views in Dublin; Vertue's Views in Kent; Tilt's Great Britain illustrated; Jennings' Views in Paris; Tilt's Panorama of London; Marshall's Views in London; National Portrait Gallery.

JOHN I. KAY & Co.
July 29—4t Booksellers, 51 Market street.

WHOLESALE & RETAIL
SHOE STORE!

THE SUBSCRIBER respectfully informs his friends and the public generally, that he has returned to his old stand, Nos. 1 and 73, N. W. Corner of the Diamond and Market street. Also may be found at Nos. 91 and 93 Market street, between Liberty and Fifth street, where he is now opening a large and complete assortment of Ladies' and Gentlemen's Fancy BOOTS AND SHOES, of every variety and the latest fashions;

CONSISTING OF

Ladies' pump soled and d'ble soled lasting Slippers
Ditto do do. do. with straps
Ditto morocco, kid, seal, and curried goat Slippers
Ditto black buckskin Shoes and Slippers
Ditto elegant fox'd lasting Gaiter Boots, (prime)
Ditto Jefferson morocco and lasting Shoes
Misses and children's morocco, leather and lasting Boots and Shoes
Misses and children's Bolivar or foxed Boots
Ditto and ditto black, red, bronze, and tea colored morocco Ankle Ties
Ditto and ditto black and colored lasting Boots
Infants' bronze and colored kid Boots
Gentlemen's fancy morocco and lasting Pumps
Ditto do seal and calfskin do
Ditto do buckskin and cordovan do
Ditto fine morocco, calf, and copper nail'd Boots

Also, A large assortment of Men's, Boy's and Youth's Coarse Boots, Brogans, and Shoes, of every description, the whole comprising the most complete assortment ever offered in the western country.

☞Country merchants and others are respectfully invited to call and examine the above.

July 15—3mo G. ALBREE.

Machine Card Factory.

GEORGE FABER & SONS respectfully inform the public, that they have now in operation, at their factory, No. 116 Wood street, a number of Sticking Machines, which will enable them to supply with promptitude, to any extent, orders for CARDS, from No. 28 to 33, and to any length, from 12 to 30 inches. Also, FILLETING from one to two inches. ☞Cotton and Woollen manufacturers, and carding machine builders, will be accommodated, on reasonable terms, with a very superior quality, equal to any manufactured in the United States. Orders thankfully received.

☞The following papers will insert the above advertisement, weekly, four months, and charge this office:—Steubenville Herald, Chilicothe Gazette, Wheeling Gazette, Cincinnati Gazette, Columbus Journal, and the paper at Warren.

Pittsburgh, Feb 1—wtf

Caps! Caps!!
AT WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

S. J. SYLVESTER respectfully informs the merchants and inhabitants of Pittsburgh, that he has opened a store in the Exchange buildings, St. Clair street, where he intends keeping a large and complete assortment of CAPS, suitable for each season. The business will be superintended by N. SYLVESTER, who has given his attention to the manufacturing of the article for several years, and will endeavor, by assiduity and industry, to satisfy those who may favor him with their custom.

☞*Country Storekeepers* are hereby notified, that Fur Skins will be bought or taken in barter for Caps, or the highest price will be paid in cash for Otter, Wild Cat, Rackoon, or Muskrat, next door to the Exchange, Pittsburgh.

S. J. S. is aware that it is yet too early for the sale of winter Caps: he however gives this notice, that those who are in the practice of purchasing in the eastern cities may be aware that the article *will be* kept in every variety—a considerable quantity are daily expected. Aug. 2

TO THE PUBLIC.—We, the undersigned, Painters and Glaziers of the city of Pittsburgh, do certify, that the WHITE LEAD now manufactured by H. Brunot, and branded '*Pittsburgh White Lead*—H. BRUNOT,' is as good as any made in or about Pittsburgh, and we give it a preference.

Alex. Ingram,	Archibald Shaw,
Joseph Jenkinson,	David Glenn,
Robert Menha,	Isaac Rhoads,
E. G. Nelson,	F. S. Byrne,
John Phillips,	A. Westervelt,
Andrew Beggs,	Nath. Whiston,
George Dobbs,	John W. Kane,
James Stuart,	John Hern.

☞Orders addressed to H. Brunot & Co. Pittsburgh, will be attended to. Aug. 2—6m.

60 BAGS GREEN COFFEE
15 chests Y. H. TEA
25 hhds. N. O. SUGAR
20 bbls. do.
25 bbls. N. O. MOLASSES
2,000 lbs. LOAF SUGAR
50 bbls. WHISKEY
BRANDY, WINES, GIN, RUM AND CORDIALS.

ALSO,

Pepper; Allspice; Ginger; Nutmegs; Cloves; Cinnamon; Indigo; Madder; Alum; Copperas; Rice; Raisins; Figs; Whiting; White Lead; Bar Lead; Powder; Shot; Cotton Yarn; Tobacco; Snuff, Segars, &c. &c.

ALSO, Iron; Nails; Shovels; Spades; Wagon Boxes, &c. &c., for sale at 137 Wood street, by

Aug 2—T3 ESTEP & QUINBY.

Audubon's New Work.

JOHN I. KAY & CO., Booksellers, No. 51 Market street, have just received "Ornithological Biography; or an account of the habits of the Birds of the United States of America." By John James Audubon, F. R. S. In one volume, imperial 8vo.

ALSO, The Plays of Philip Massinger; adapted for family reading and the use of young persons; in 3 volumes; being part of the Family Library.

August 2—2t

JOHN ALEXANDER
Has Removed his Wholesale and Retail
CHEAP CASH STORE,
To his old, well known stand, 65 Market street,

ON which has been erected that splendid and extensive building with the IRON FRONT, where he is now opening, and will keep constantly on hand, a large stock of Staple, and the most splendid stock of Fancy DRY GOODS, ever offered in this city; which will be sold, wholesale or retail, at a small advance for cash.

Also, A large stock of MAHOGANY, at reduced prices. J. A.

August 2, 1831—tf

STOLEN,

FROM the subssriber, on the evening of the 23d inst. A BRIGHT BAY HORSE, four years old, between 16 and 17 hands high; some white in the face; black tail and mane; some hair rubbed away by the collar; shod all round. *Also,* ONE GRAY HORSE, eight years old, between 15 and 16 hands high, branded on the left thigh with H; shod all round. *Also, 2 black Wagon Saddles, and 2 Blind Bridles.* A reward will be given, of TWENTY-FIVE DOLLARS, for the Horses, or FIFTY DOLLARS for the Horses and Thief, upon convictien of the Thief. FREDERICK RAPP.

Economy, July 26—3t

FOR SALE, a House and Lot of Ground in the city of Pittsburgh, on Fifth, between Wood and Market streets, now in the occupancy of John Morton. The Lot is 34 feet on Fifth street, and extends backwards 120 feet.

Also, a life lease of a piece of ground, and the buildings thereon, on Fifth, between Wood and Smithfield streets, adjoining property of Lightner & Kingsland, containing about 14 feet on Fifth street, and extending back 60 feet. Apply to the subscriber in Allegheny town, between Mr. Mowry's tannery and Mr. Park's brick house.

ALEX. M'FARLAND.

June 14, 1831.—Ttf

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.—The partnership heretofore existing between the subscribers, under the firm of Smith & Sterritt, is this day dissolved by mutual consent. All accounts will be settled by A. H. Smith.—*8th July,* 1831.

A. H. SMITH,
ROBERT STERRITT.

N. B.—The Carpenter business will be carried on as usual, by A. H. SMITH, in all its various branches. July 22—F3t

NEW WHOLESALE
DRY GOODS STORE.

PALMER & HIGBY are now receiving and opening, at the stand formerly occupied by Messrs. M'Clurg & Dennison, No 61 Wood street

A Large and General Assortment of
DRY GOODS,
OF THE NEWEST STYLE AND IMPORTATION.

Their arrangements are such, as to be constantly supplied from the New York and Philadelphia markets, with desirable articles.

They respectfully solicit purchasers to call and examine their stock.

March 11, 1831—iw6mo.

NOTICE—The connexion in business between Allison Owen and Alfred Hayden, in Cincinnati, under the firm of Owen & Hayden, was dissolved on the 29th ult., by the decease of Mr. Hayden. The undersigned will adjust all acc'ts of the firm, and continue the business as heretofore. ALLISON OWEN.

ALLISON OWEN, (late Owen & Hayden) will continue at the same stand, to transact *A GENERAL AGENCY and COMMISSION BUSINESS,* and solicits a continuance of the patronage extended to the late firm.

Cincinnati, July 12—w3mo

PITTSBURGH PRICES CURRENT.—

Corrected weekly, by Riddle, Forsyth & Co.

Ashes, pot, lb.	4 a 4½	Steel, co. lb.	7a8 †
pearl,	5	sad irons	6 cts†
sc. salts	3½ a 3¾	Lead, in pigs	5§
black salts	2¾ a 3†	bars	5½§
Axes, doz.	$14 a 16†	white, in kegs	$2¾†
Augers, qr.	6 a 7†	dry, lb.	10a11†
Alum, lb.	6	Shot, all sizes,	7†
Bacon, lb.	5½a6†	Leather, sole,	24 a 26†
Butter, keg,	7a8†	upper, doz.	$27a30†
Bags, 3 bu. tw.	45 a 68†	calf skins,	15 a 26§
Beans, sh. bush.	75§	Lard,	7 a 8§
Biscuit, sea, b.	3 50 a 4†	Logwood,	2½ a 3†
w. crack. bbl.	4½ a 5†	Molasses,	33a35§
Beer,	3 †	Nails, Jun. bra. 10d	5¾§
Coals, bush.	4†	8d	6 §
Candles, lb.	8½	6d	6½§
Copperas	3†	4d	7½§
Cheese	7a8§	other	7 §
Cordage, Ky.	8 a 11§	Oil, flaxseed, gal.	85§
Irwin's	9 a 15	tanners', bbl.	$19 a 20†
Coffee, g. in bgs.	12½a14	Onions, bushl.	$ 1§
Cotton Wool	9†	Paper	
Cassinets,	40 a 110†	cap, No. 1 rm.	$3¼a3¾†
Cotton Goods,		No. 2,	2¾a3¼†
3-4 Plaids, n. 1. y.	11a12†	No. 3,	2¼a2½†
4-4 Checks	13½ a 15†	letter	2 50 a 4†
3-4 Stripes	17†	crown wrap.	$1 12½
Cot. yarns, lb. No. 5,	22†	medium do.	$1 75a2†
Flour, bbl.	$2 87 a $3*	paper hang's p.	37a35
Feathers	32 a 33§	Pork, fresh lb.	3½ a 4
Flax, scutched, lb.	6†	pkd. mess, bbl.	10½a11
hatcheled,	10*	prime,	$9
Flannels, cy. 4-4	37a45*	Potatoes, bush.	40 a 50§
Fish--bbl.		Rags, Ohio,	5½*
New herring,	$ 9§	do. Kentucky	5 §
shad,	12§	Sugar, N.O. lb.	7¼a7½†
mack'l.	6¼ a 9¼†	country,	7§
Grain, wheat, bu.	50†	lump,	15 a 16†
barley	37†	loaf,	16 a 18†
rye	28†	Salt,	$2§
corn	25§	Soap, lb.	5½ a 8
Glass, 8 by 10, box	$3¾a4†	Sifters—doz.	
10 by 12,	$4¾a5†	wire No. 14, 16,	$5
12 by 18,	$9 00†	Spades & shovels	$8
Bottles, porter groce	9†	Tobacco	
gallon doz.	2¼†	keg, lb.	5½ a 11cts†
½ do.	1¼†	leaf,	2¾a3†
¼ do.	87½cts†	Tallow, rendered	8†
pint	62½†	rough	4½ a 5†
Gunpowder, keg	$5½ a6†	Tea. Y.H. lb.	90a$1 6*
Hemp, ton	$110§	H. skin,	70 a 75§
Hides, Span. lb.	13 a 15§	imperial,	1,50a1,40§
green	5§	Wax. bees'	20*
Indigo, Span lb.	2½a2¾†	Wool,	43 a 75*
Bengal,	2½ a 2¾†	Wool hats, doz.	$6 a 7§
Iron, b. Jun. t.	$110†	Whisk. o. gall.	30a50ct
blooms, Jun.	$90§	new	29a30†
rolled	110†	Vices, bright	14
sheet, cwt.	9¼†	black	9½ a 10†
pig, ton	$28 a 30§	4-4 br. Sheetg.	10 a 10½†

REMARKS—* demand; § scarce; † plenty.

In the Court of Common Pleas of Allegheny Co. of January Term, 1831, No. 4.

OHIO W. REED, vs. HENRY S. REED and SARAH REED.

PARTITION.—And now, to wit July 12, 1831, on motion of W.W. Fetterman, attorney for the pl'ff, who refuses to take the property at the valuation, and John Bell, guardian of the defendants, appearing in open court, and also refusing to take the property at the valuation, the court order and direct that the Sheriff of Allegheny do expose the property to public sale, by vendue or outcry, on the second Monday (the 8th day) of August next, at 10 o'clock, A. M., at the court-house in the city of Pittsburgh, and do then and there sell the same to the highest and best bidder, for the highest and best price that may be gotten for the same.

[Extract from the record.]

WM. M'CANDLESS, Pro.

In pursuance of the above order, I will proceed to sell, by public outcry, at the Court-House in the city of Pittsburgh, on Monday, the 8th day of August next, the following described piece or parcel of ground, situated in the city of Pittsburgh, being a part of lot numbered 223 in Col. Woods' plan of said city; beginning ten feet from the north-west corner of said lots, and extending thence along Second street aforesaid twenty feet; thence on a line parallel with Wood street aforesaid fifty-seven feet; thence on a line parallel with said Second street, twenty feet; and thence by a straight line fifty-seven feet to the place of beginning, &c. with the appurtenances.

WILLIAM CAVEN, Sheriff.

July 22, 1831—w3t

BYAM'S CHEMICAL EMBROCATION; OR, LIQUID OPPODELDOC.

THIS article is considered by the first Physicians in the United States to rank higher than any other composition in existence, for the following complaints, viz: Bruises, Sprains, Gout, Rheumatism, Cramp, Numbness, Weakness or Stiffness of the Neck or Joints, Chilblains, Chapped Hands, Stings of Insects, Vegetable Poisons, &c. &c. It is applied both to man and beast.

BYAM'S CELEBRATED GENUINE PHYSICAL DROPS,

Preventive against Fevers, composed of roots and herbs---recommended by the first families in the city of Philadelphia.

This medicine is almost a sovereign remedy against the Fever and Ague: if taken in season, it will discharge bile from the stomach, cure coughs and colds and weakness of the breast: it will purify the blood, create an appetite, and cure the most inveterate headache. For worms in children, it is a most efficacious medicine. It is much recommended in cases of the measles, &c.; and it is acknowledged that many lives have been preserved by the use of this medicine, in cases of the yellow fever. Observe that none are genuine without the stamp on the cork of the only proprietor, E. BYAM, *genuine*, and each label signed with his own hand writing, E. Byam. Price per bottle 25 cents.

☞This certifies that myself, wife, and one of my children, were afflicted with the fever and ague for several weeks, and applied the usual remedies, but to no effect. Having heard of Byam's Physical Drops, I had the curiosity to give it a trial; and by the use of two bottles, we were all cured in one week's time JACOB PETERSON.

Philadelphia, Feb. 1, 1831.

☞Considering it a duty I owe to mankind, I hereby declare that, having been afflicted with dyspepsia through the heat of the summer months in 1830, and not being able to attend to business for much of the time, I tried many resources and much medicine to no relief; and hearing of Byam's Drops, I immediately tried a bottle, which relieved me so much that I purchased a second; and by the use of two bottles I was able to attend to my business, and have remained in good health ever since. SAMUEL M. BROOKS.

Philadelphia, Feb. 1, 1831.

☞For Sale, Wholesale and Retail, by THOMPSON & MILLER, Agents for the Proprietor, at their Drug Warehouse, No. 81 Wood street, Pittsburgh.

May 13, 1831--w1y

NOTICE,

To Country Merchants and others, inclining to purchase Cheap Hardware.

THE SUBSCRIBER, having purchased out the Stock of HARDWARE lately kept by R. H. Gray, corner of Fourth and Market streets, Pittsburgh, offers the same for sale at cost and carriage. He will continue to *buy and sell* articles of domestic manufacture in the Hardware line, at the old stand, No. 59.

JAMES GRAY,
March 11—tf Fourth street.

LANDS FOR SALE.

SEVERAL tracts and parts of tracts of Land, improved and unimproved, in Allegheny and Beaver counties. For further information, apply to the subscriber, living on the Sewickly Bottom, Beaver road. DAVID SHIELDS.

May 13, 1831--6mF

WILSON M'CANDLESS, ATTORNEY AT LAW.

OFFICE, Corner of Market street and the Diamond. Entrance No. 2 in the Diamond.

July 5--w3mo

REMOVAL.

J. & J. PARKER respectfully inform their friends and the public, that they have removed from No. 17 Diamond Alley, to No. 148 Liberty street, three doors above the Pittsburgh Brewery, where they have opened a Wholesale and Retail WINE AND LIQUOR STORE, and have recently received from Philadelphia the following Wines and Liquors, which they intend to keep constantly on hand, viz:---French Brandy, Holland Gin, Jamaica Spirits, New England Rum: Wines—Madeira, Port, and Lisbon, Teneriffe, Sherry, Sweet Malaga, and Claret.

In connexion with the above, J. & J. Parker's RECTIFYING DISTILLERY has been re-established on an improved plan, and is now in complete operation, where they manufacture the following Domestic Liquors:—Brandy, Gin, Fourth and First Proof Liquor, Rectified Whiskey and Bitters; Cherry Bounce and Alcohol. Cordials: Perfect Love, Shrub, Noyeau, Life of Man, Rose, Lemon, Clove, Cinnamon, Caraway, Peppermint, and Anniseed.

☞They have also for sale 150 barrels of superior CIDER.

☞Country Merchants, Grocers and others are requested to call and examine their liquors, all of which are offered on accommodating terms.

JAMES PARKER,
JOHN PARKER.

May 24---w3mo.

POETRY.

ON A FRIEND LOST AT SEA.

By George D. Prentice.

Sleep on—sleep on—above thy corse
The winds their sabbath keep,
The waves sweep round thee, and thy breast
Heaves with the heaving deep;
Here the mild eve her beauty flings,
And there the white gull lifts her wings,
And the blue halcyon loves to lave
Her plumage in the holy wave.

Sleep on—no willow o'er thee bends
With melancholy air,
No violet springs, nor dewy rose
Its soul of love lays bare:
But there the sea flower bright and young
Is sweetly o'er thy slumbers flung,
And like the weeping mourner fair,
The pale flag hangs its tresses there.

Sleep on—sleep on----the jewelry
Of ocean's coral caves
Is now thine urn----thy requiem
The music of its waves.
Through thy dark locks the sea gems gleam,
Bright emblem of thy spirit's dream,
And pure and deep as infant love
The blue sea rolls its waves above.

Sleep on—sleep on—the fearful wrath
Of mingling cloud and deep,
May leave its deep and stormy track
Above thy place of sleep:
But, when the wave hast sunk to rest,
As now 'twill murmur o'er thy breast,
And the bright victims of the sea
Perchance will make their home with thee.

Sleep on—thy corse is far away,
But grief bewails thee yet,
For the heart-rung sigh is breathed,
And lovely eyes are wet—
And she, thy young and beautious bride—
Her thoughts are hovering by thy side—
And oft she turns to view with tears
The Eden of departed years.

From the Craftsmau.

On hearing the band of the Museum play "Auld Lang Syne."

Strike up the strains, yet once again,
I love it every line,
My heart beats aye in symphony
To Auld Lang Syne.
I love it for its plainive tone----
It softens down the heart,
And brings to mind forgotten things
Which grief had bid depart.

I've heard it at my father's hearth
Rise joyously and free:
There's music in a sister's voice,
How artless e'er it be.
I've heard it in the bright green wood,
I've heard it on the lea,
Upon the river's flowing tide,
And on the azure sea.

I've heard it sung by beauty bright
In pleasure's gorgeous hall,
I've heard it swell on friendship's night
Amid the festival.
I've heard it oft in beauty's bower,
Ah! can I e'er forget
How sweet the voice----how dear the hour!----
I'm dreaming of them yet.

But time upon my aching brow
Has set his heavy seal;
An aching void is in my heart,
Which years may never fill.
Cold is that hearth and mute that tongue
Once happiness to hear,
And scattered on earth's various paths
Those to my heart so near.

For me no longer beauty bright
In bower or hall may smile----
My heart is withered, nor your strain
May scarce its love beguile,
Yet while or joyous, sad or dear,
Life's wayward lot is mine,
New warmth shall still my bosom cheer,
For Auld Lang Syne.

Albany, July 2, 1831.

WHERE IS THE SOUL.

Where is the soul? Go ask the sculptured stone,
That rises proudly over the silent tomb;
Go ask the marble, why it stands alone,
Unfailing witness to man's final doom.
Go ask the mourner in affliction's glow,
While the warm tear is glist'ning in her eye;
Go ask the grave, the slumbering dust below,
And echo to thy words shall still reply—
Where is the Soul?

Where is the soul? Not in the grave's embrace,
Amid contagion's pestilential breath:
Go ask the worm in that dark dismal place,
If Spirits linger in those halls of death.
Go ask the clay where man's proud soul hath fled,
Ask of the waving grass and clammy sod—
Go ask the coffin that contains the dead,
And they shall answer that the soul's abode
Is with its God.

WOMAN'S WILL.

The following lines (says a correspondent of the British Herald) were copied from the pillar erected on the mount in the Dane John Field, formerly called the Dungeon Field, Canterbury:

'Where is the man who has the power and skill
To stem the torrent of a woman's will?
For if she will, she will, you may depend on't—
And if she wont, she wont, so there's an end on't!'

FOREIGN NEWS.

From the New York American, July 29.

LATE FROM EUROPE.

By the arrival from London, last evening, of the packet ship President, we have accounts to the 13th ult.

Mr. M'Lane, late Minister at London, and now Secretary of the Treasury, returned with his family in this ship. We give a correspondence between Mr. M'Lane and his countrymen in London, which proves their kind feelings, and the urbanity which Mr. M'Lane has displayed in his intercourse with them. We wish we could add, that he had displayed, in the same degree, a regard for the dignity and honor of his country, in his official correspondence with the British Government.

The Poles—and they now absorb the main interest of all European arrivals—are still nobly facing their foes. The movement of Skryznecki, which led to the bloody battle of *Ostrolenka*, appears to have completely succeeded in its main object, that of giving support and vigor to the insurrectionary movements in Lithuania, an advantage not too dearly paid perhaps by the loss sustained by the Poles in that battle. On the very day of the combat at Ostrolenka, General *Chlapowski*, in Lithuania, obtained a victory over a Russian corps opposed to him. The head quarters of the Polish commander were at Praga, divided only by the Vistula from Warsaw, with which a bridge connects it. General Diebitsch does not seem to have made any forward movements since the 25th of May.

The British Parliament had assembled—being opened by commission—but had not as yet proceeded to any business of importance. The former Speaker of the House of Commons, *Mr. Manners Sutton*, was rechosen without any opposition. The Ex-Emperor of Brazil, with his wife and daughter, had arrived off the English coast, and thence proceeded to France, where they were to land and pass on to Bavaria.

In France, an expedition to the Levant, to act in conjunction with the British expedition, was seriously talked of. Paris had again been disturbed by commotions, which large bodies of the police and military were necessary to suppress. A considerable fall in the French funds, caused doubtless by the disturbance, had occurred. No adequate cause is assigned for these commotions, which indicate undoubtedly much restlessness. We do not, however, attach great importance to them.

ENGLAND.

The new Parliament assembled on the 14th, and was engaged in swearing in the members up to the 18th. The Rt. Hon. C. Manners Sutton was reelected Speaker of the Commons, without opposition. His Majesty was to open the session formally, on the 21st. It was said that the royal speech would contain a direct recommendation of a Reform Bill; but not that before the House of Commons in the last Parliament, some alterations having been made by Ministers. They are said to have abandoned the division of counties, Yorkshire excepted.

It is announced in the best political circles that Lord Althorp does not intend to propose to the new Parliament the Stamp Act which he brought forward in the last, but one much more in favor of the diffusion of information by newspapers. The stamp duty on such periodicals will be still further reduced, or abolished altogether.

The two Landers have arrived in England from Africa by way of Rio Janeiro.

Mrs. Siddons died in London on the 12th ult.

Prince Louis Napoleon Bonaparte, second son of Louis Bonaparte, has arrived in London, and is staying with his mother, Hortensia, Duchess of St. Leu, formerly Queen of Holland. Also, Achilles Murat, son of Murat; and these eminent foreigners paid a visit to Earl Gray.

The Earls of Fingall and Sefton, Lord Kinnaird, and Mr. Agar Ellis, have been created Barons of the United Kingdom. The title of the latter is Baron Dover.

The Lords of the Admiralty paid the Tunnel a visit the day before yesterday. They were conducted over the works by Mr. Brunel, who explained the peculiar mode in which the Tunnel has been constructed, and regret that means were not found to complete the work. The whole of the brick work remains as solid as a rock. The number of visiters to view the Tunnel has been very considerable. Within a few months, about 12,000 persons have inspected the works.

Contributions to a large amonnt were making throughout the whole extent of the Kingdom for the relief of the Irish. The produce of the Bazaar in London alone, had amounted on the 18th, to £3100.

Wales.—We are happy to find, says the London Courier of the 8th, that more favorable accounts have been received this morning, from the disturbed districts in Wales. The precautions taken by the authorities appear to have been productive of the best possible results, and a disposition has been manifested by the workmen to return to their duty; but the public will be glad to hear that, in adopting the most energetic means for the suppression of revolt, the government have not failed to order inquiry to be made into the causes of the disaster, and the means of remedy for any real evils which may press upon the laboring classes, and which do not arise from their own misconduct. The rod of justice will not be spared; but it is in the hands of the merciful, and it will be used only for the true interests of society.

The government have, in consequence of the recommendation of the College of Physicians, and the view previously taken by themselves, given orders for the most rigid system of quarantine to be established over all vessels arriving from suspected quarters. They have also written to all our Consuls in places affected with Cholera, or the vicinity of such places, desiring them to send home any information which may be of utility, either as to the prevention of the infection, or its best means of cure. The French government have adopted similar precautions; but some of the leading physicians of Paris differ with those of our college, as to the presumed non-contagiousness of the disease; and cases have been recently published to show that it has been propagated by merchandise. This doctrine, however, is not recognised by the medical authorities appointed by the French government to report on the subject.

From the London Courier, June 18.

German papers to the 10th inst. reached us this morning. They do not give a word of news respecting Poland, and their contents are otherwise of little interest. The accounts from Semlin state that the insurrection of the Albanians has been subdued, but that the Grand Vizier continued to exercise great caution and vigilance with a view to frustrate any ulterior designs which might be entertained by the disaffected. In Asia Minor things are not in so settled a state, and it was thought the Grand Vizier would be ordered for Constantinople with a large body of troops for the preservation of tranquillity. We regret to perceive, from other statements in these papers, that the general condition of Greece is not very satisfactory, and some of them express fears of disturbances. Letters from Nuremburgh add, that the whole of Bosnia is in a complete state of insurrection against the Sultan.

The accounts from Ancona mention that several French Men of War had entered the Adriatic, with the intention of cruising along the coast of Italy, with the presumed object of adding weight to the negotiations of the French Government with the Court of Rome.

We are happy to state that some of the difficulties which stood in the way of the acceptance of the Crown of Belgium by Prince Leopold have been removed, and that strong hope is entertained of a satisfactory settlement of the Belgian question.

Liverpool, June 16, evening.—I passed through the Potteries to-day, and found there had been a complete stand among the colliers and potters.—The numbers who have turned out are variously stated; some say five, others ten, and another account is they are twenty thousand. Troops have been marched to the disturbed quarters. I met the 80th regiment going into Stone, after a march of ten days, from Portsmouth, and every thing appeared warlike on the road, from stragglers in one place, and in others numerous baggage carts, with women and children. Crowds of the potters and their families turned out in different parts to see them. I hope things will be settled, and there will be no occasion to employ the military, who are, however, nothing in point of number to the refractory at this moment.

POLAND.

Some further intelligence has been received from Warsaw, dated June 6th, from which it appears that a battle took place on the same day as that of Ostrolenka, in which General Chlapowski, the Polish General, beat the Russians, and obtained a complete victory. The General was joined by several thousand of the Byalystock insurgents near Narewka. He fell in with the Russians in the night, and surprised and completely surrounded them. The Russians lost all their cannon, five in number, and had about three hundred men killed; the remainder of the Russians were completely defeated and made prisoners.—At Byalostockicy, 120 Russian wagons were taken by the insurgents. In Volhynia the fortress of Haman fell into their hands, after a well-contested and sanguinary battle, in which the Russians left 1200 dead on the field of battle. General Rudiger, however, with Krassowski's corps, is at Weibkowice; he had 9000 men under him, and thirty pieces of cannon. The Russian army had begun to march to the right bank of the Narew. On the 3d inst. 10,000 men were encamped at Prasnyz. It seems that General Lubienski, in his retreat from Ciechnowiec, with 6000 Poles, cut his way way through 40,000 Russians!

The Polish State Gazette, of June 6, contains two reports of General Skrzynecki, dated from the Head Quarters at Praga on the 1st and 2d of June. The first gives an account of the reasons (which are already known) why the army fought the battle of Ostrolenka, and afterwards retreated to Praga.

The second report is that which gives an account of the defeat of a Russian corps in Lithuania, as stated above.

The annexed private letter from Warsaw, which we find in the British Traveler of 16th of June, contains an extract from one of the despatches of the Commander above referred to, and a variety of other details:

WARSAW, June 6 [Private Correspondence.]—The last letter I wrote to you was under date of the 31st ult. which informed you that the Polish head quarters were at Praga, where they still remain, and nothing has taken place with the main army since then; but, however, the Poles still sing their national song—"Jeszsre Polvka nie Znigneta," (Poland will not be lost as long as we live,) for the news from Lithuania and Ukraine is good. General Chlapowski has gained a victory over the Russians near Narewka. The following is the translation of the official report of General Skrzynecki to the National Government:

"I have the honor to send to the National Government the news just received from the army under Gen. Chlapowski; that General having joined some thousands of the Byalystock insurgents, gained a glorious victory over the enemy, near Narewka, on the 28th of May; it was at the same time when the battle of Ostrolenka took place. The enemy's column, consisting of two regiments of infantry, one regiment of cavalry, and five cannon, besides Cossacks, were sent from Brzesc-Litewski, with the intention of falling upon the insurgents, and were led on by one Rengardt.—General Chlapowski got the start of him, and attacked him in the night, with such success, that the Russian corps was surrounded. The Russians lost five cannons, all the arms, and about three hundred men were killed; we lost an officer of the regular troops, four chasseurs of the insurgents, and horse. The remainder of the enemy's troops were completely defeated and made prisoners. General Chlapowski took the officers with him on his march, but ordered the soldiers (prisoners) to be sent to Bielsk by the inhabitants, after their having taken an oath not to serve again against the Poles. Four degenerated inhabitants of that country, who conducted the enemy towards us, met with their deserved punishment—death. The appearance of General Chlapowski heightened the spirits of that part; the whole population are taking up arms. Besides the successful battle of Narewka, the insurgents had fallen several times on the Russian transports, and at Byalostockicy Puszczy, 120 wagons fell into the hands of the insurgents.

(Signed) SKRZYNECKI.

Praga, June 2, 1831.

According to news arrived likewise from Volhynia, the insurgents gave battle to the Russians at Haman, which fortress fell into the hands of the insurgents, with all the arms, ammunition, &c.—The insurgents were led on by Count Emir Mactaw Rzswuski, whose two sons are in the Polish artillery. It was a hard fought battle, and 1200 Russians were left dead on the field; the loss of Alexander Schamki, who is either killed or made prisoner, is much regretted. The rising in that country will be of great consequence to the Russians, as the peasantry are determined to defend the liberty their masters have given them.—The Greek Clergymen have even joined them, and bless their flags; and some of them join them in the battles.

The inhabitants of the Ukraine remember what they enjoyed in Polish times, and have sworn to assist the Poles in their struggle for liberty and independence. The Russians have sent troops into the environs of Zytomierz and Berdyezoff, so that the insurgents have 15,000 regular troops against them. But it is said danger threatens the Russians likewise from other sides, as, according to news from Odessa, 2000 infantry were shipped to reinforce the fortresses on the banks of the Dunay, as the Russians do not trust in the Turkish assurances of peace. General Rudiger, with his corps, and a part of Krassowski's corps, has entered the country and taken up his head quarters at Werbkowice; he has 9000 men and 30 pieces of cannon. The Jews at Kruskiew and Laszczow are assisting the Russians all they can, and lead them to the houses of those persons known as patriots.

From Warsaw papers of June 2.

Up the Vistula all is tranquil. In the vicinity of Zamosc the Russians have drawn nearer to the corps of General Chrzanowski. General Davidoff was, on the 30th, in old Zamosc. General Rudiger has advanced from Dubienka to Hruhiezow, and his head quarters were at Hostynne. The corps of General Roth was in the districts of Ploskirow and Kamincez: it is about 7000 strong, but there are only 800 cavalry: for this reason he did not advance against the Lithuanians, whose forces consist almost entirely of cavalry, and, because, too, the Charknow regiment of Hulans is partly dispersed, and has partly joined the insurgents.

The same paper gives, under the head of the 3d, the following particulars:—Yesterday the Cracowites of the corps of General Dziekarskie dispersed, near Golomb, a squadron of dragoons and two squadrons of Cossacks, on which occasion they took 46 prisoners, with their horses and baggage. A report is spread here to-day that Col. Sierakowski, in the government of Augustowo, has dispersed the corps of General Fricken, said to be 2,000 strong, and taken four cannon; but we have no official account of the affair. Accounts from Zamosc, of 29th May, say that General Rudiger, who has entered the kingdom with his own corps and that of General Kreutz, has in all about 9,000 men and 30 cannon, and that his head quarters are at Werbowice. The battle (between the Russians and the insurgents) at Herman was very sanguinary. The Commander-in-chief of the insurgents was the Emir Count Wazlaw Rzewuski, father of Stanislaus, and Leotine Rzewuski, who serve in our artillery. Vincent Tyszkiewiez and Wladimir Potocki commanded under him. The combat was very obstinate. About 1,200 Russians fell.—On our side we particularly regret Alexander Sobanski, who was either killed or taken prisoner.—The land-owners of that country have emancipated their peasants, and thus made them favorable to the cause of the insurrection. The inhabitants of the Ukraine, have sent deputies to Moldavia and Wallachia, and also to the Niekrasovites in Dobruda. According to the latest accounts, the Russians were drawing together reinforcements from different quarters, and corps have been sent from Zytomir and Berdyczew, so that the insurgents have a regular army of 15,000 men opposed to them.

The Warsaw Gazette of to-day says—"We have no account of the further operations of our army in Lithuania. Among the reports that require confirmation is one that General Chlapowski has had another battle with a Russian corps, under General Wlodek."

Polish Frontiers, June 7.—Count Diebitsch is said to remain in his former position, in order to facilitate the subsistence of his army; but 14,000 men have advanced to Prasnysz, probably to mark the movements of a strong corps sent in pursuit of Gen. Gielgud. The latter is said to be following the corps of General Sacken, which we now hear has taken the road to Kowno. Kalwary is reported to be occupied by the Polish troops, united with the insurgents. In order to give more unity to the Polish government, Prince Czartoryski will probably be appointed Regent.

The Warsaw Courier says, that the Cossacks have already advanced from Prasnysz to Ciechanow; on the other hand, troops of Cossacks are said to have again appeared about Siedlec. The same paper says there is a report that the Lithuanian insurgents have again had a battle with the Russians near Wilna.

The Polish Gazette says—"We have just received intelligence that Col. Gierakowski, supported by the insurgents, has had, with a very superior force of the enemy, near to Mariampol, as bloody a battle as that of Ostrolenka, only it was more favorable to us. Our troops are said to have twice made themselves masters of the town, and to have been twice driven out, till on the third time they maintained their ground and entirely dispersed the enemy's corps.

By letters received from Memel, dated the 4th inst., it is stated that the Russian General Sacken, with 10,000 men under his command, has been completely beaten by the insurgents in Lithuania, and it was supposed would attempt to cross the Prussian frontiers. Their military chest had already arrived at a small town within the Cordon Samitaire.

A commandant of Artillery, named Boshm, galloped up to the Russian Infantry, during the battle, with 12 pieces of artillery, and discharged them seven or eight times at the distance of fifty paces. He is said to have annihilated twenty Russian battalions!

From Bell's Weekly Messenger.

Sale of his late Majesty's Coronation Robes.

On Thursday a portion of his late Majesty's costly and splendid wardrobe, destined for public sale, including the magnificent coronation robes, and other costumes belonging to the departed Monarch, was sold by auction, by Mr. Philips, at his rooms, in New Bond street. There were one hundred and twenty lots disposed of, out of which we subjoin the principal in the order in which they were put up:—

No 13. An elegant yellow and silver sash of the Royal Hanoverian Guelphic Order. 3*l*. 8*s*.

No. 17. A pair of fine white kid trowsers of ample dimensions and lined with white satin, was sold for 13*s*.

No. 35. The coronation ruff formed of superb Mechlin lace, 2*l*.

No. 50. The celebrated costly Highland costume worn by the late sovereign at his *sejour* at Dalkeith Palace, the seat of his Grace the Duke of Buccleuch, in the summer of 1822, was knocked down at 40*l*.

No. 52. The sumptuous crimson-velvet coronation mantle, with silver star, embroidered with gold, on appropriate devices, and which cost originally, according to the statement of the auctioneer, upwards of 500*l*. was knocked down at 47 guineas.

No. 53. A crimson coat to suit with the above, 14*l*.

No. 55. A magnificent gold body-dress and trousers, 26 guineas.

No. 67. An extraordinary large white aigrette plume, brought from Paris by the Earl of Fife, in April 1815, and presented by his Lordship to the late King, was sold for 15*l*.

No. 87. A richly embroidered silver tissue coronation waistcoat, and trunk hose, 18*l*.

No. 95. The splendid purple velvet coronation mantle, sumptuously embroidered with gold, of which it is said to contain two hundred ounces. It was knocked down at 55*l*. although it was stated to have cost his late Majesty 300*l*.

No. 96. An elegant and costly green velvet mantle, lined with ermine of the finest quality; presented by the Emperor Alexander to his late Majesty, and cost upwards of 1,000 guineas, was knocked down at 125*l*.

There was very slight competition for any of the articles, and we did not observe that they were knocked down to persons of distinction. The proceeds of the sale could not have amounted to any considerable sum. Most of the costumes were superbly embroidered in gold, from original drawings and designs by artists of celebrity.

IRELAND.

The special commission for trying offences in the county of Clare, held at Ennis, adjourned on the 9th of June, after sitting seven days, to the 23d. The total number of convictions is not mentioned in our files; but it must have been great.—The culprits were generally sentenced to transportation for life. There were several cases of capital convictions, in which the prisoners pleaded guilty, and sentence of death was recorded; but it is to be presumed they relied on the clemency of the crown. There were also several executions for murder. The presence of Mr. O'Connell seems to have had a good effect upon the peasantry. Fifty-seven stand of arms, voluntarily surrendered by them, were to be seen in his apartments on the 6th. He had made a public address to the people of Ennis, and was subsequently to address the peasantry of Maryborough, who were in a turbulent state, previous to his departure for London. The Lord Lieutenant, through his Secretary, returned his warmest thanks to the magistrates and gentlemen of Clare county, for their judicious conduct in suppressing the insurrectionary movements. Three hundred and seven prisoners were left in Ennis Jail when the Commission adjourned its sitting, and twenty-two more were committed on the day following, charged with murdering policemen at Doolan. One of the papers says:

"In the starving counties, potatoes are, it seems, but 2d. a stone of 14lb., yet the absentee landlords, tithe collectors, and tax gatherers, have so completely drained the districts of money that the people have not 2d. to feed their families."

The legal proceedings against O'Connell had been put a stop to, the Attorney General having signified his intention of not proceeding any farther in the case.

FRANCE.

The Moniteur of the 15th announced that an article published in the Journal de St. Petersburgh, and which has excited a good deal of attention in Paris, required an immediate and positive explanation, and that this explanation has been asked for. It remains to be seen what Nicholas will reply to Casimir Perrier, if, indeed, the return of the message find either Casimir Perrier or Philippe in their situations.

It is stated, from undoubted authority, that the French Government have refused passports for Belgium. A lady, a relative of a military officer, has been denied a passport both by Lord Granville and M. Sebastiani.

Don Pedro ex-emperor of Brazil, and suite, consisting of 38 persons, had arrived at Cherbourg. It was rumored that he intended to convey the Empress into Bavaria, to pass the period of her confinement, and afterwards return and fix their residence in France. He has, it is said, advised the King of the French of his intentions, and asked his consent to carry them into execution, declaring that it is the most anxious wish of his heart.

From the London Courier, June 18.

Half past two o'clock.—Just as we were going to press, we received, by an extraordinary express, from Paris, the following short but important letter, dated yesterday:

"PARIS, Friday, June 17.

"I hasten to inform you that the disorders which were anticipated for the 18th, commenced on Wednesday last, and continued yesterday, but they have been checked by the unanimous loyalty of the National Guard and the troops of the line, amid cries of Vive le Roi.

"I have not time to communicate the particulars of these events, but I have the satisfaction of informing you that at this moment order has been restored, and that perfect tranquillity reigns on every point."

BELGIUM.

The Belgian negotiators, with the ten Deputies, dined with Prince Leopold in London on the 16th June, at which entertainment Lord Ponsonby was present. It was understood that some definite arrangement of the Belgian question would be made before the party broke up.

A conference of the Ministers of the Great Powers was held on the affairs of Belgium yesterday afternoon, at the Foreign Office, which was attended by the Russian, Austrian, and French Ambassadors, the Prussian Ministers, the Austrian and Russian Ministers on special missions, and Viscount Palmerston. The ministers remained in deliberation about two hours. Viscount Althorp returned to town yesterday afternoon from attending the funeral of his mother, the Countess Spencer. The Governor and Deputy Governor of the Bank had interviews with the Noble Viscount in the afternoon, after his arrival at the Treasury.

Casimir Perier has expressed great satisfaction at the part taken in the Belgian question by Russia, and has declared that France will not, under any circumstances, send troops into Belgium in concert with the troops of the other powers. This frank announcement has forced the other Governments to forego the intention of occupying Belgium, as rumored in the letter of Lord Ponsonby.—The French Government has also expressed itself very warmly to the Russian Cabinet on the subject of the invasion of Poland.—*Court Journal.*

From the London Albion, June 13.

The following correspondence announces the approaching departure of Mr. Louis McLane, the American Minister to our Court, on his return to the United States. It would be difficult to decide whether that gentleman has given more satisfaction to his own government, or to that to which he was accredited. During his mission, points of difficulty and delicacy, requiring no ordinary intelligence and address, have been happily adjusted in a spirit of conciliation and kindness, and at the same time with the candor and firmness of a man alive to the important interests committed to his care. The delay of communication arising from the distance of America, renders it peculiarly incumbent on its government to select men of superior talent, integrity and discretion, for European diplomacy, and in this instance of Mr. McLane, they could not have made a more prudent choice.

St. James' street, London, June 8, 1831

DEAR SIR:—We have the honor to enclose to you the accompanying communication, and are, with the greatest regard, your most obedient servants,

JOSHUA BATES,
RICHARD M. BLATCHFORD,
JOSH. HILL CLARK.

His Excellency Louis McLane, &c. &c. &c.

London, June 8, 1831.

SIR—Your fellow citizens in this place having learned that it is your intention shortly to return to the United States, would not do justice to their own feelings if they were to permit you to depart without making known to you their high sense of your distinguished public services, and of your private urbanity and politeness. In addition to the sentiments which they in common with their countrymen at home entertain of your faithful and successful discharge of the important interests committed to your care, and for which no one who has the welfare of his country at heart will fail to acknowledge his gratitude and obligation, your fellow citizens here feel themselves under an additional obligation for that kindness and hospitality which they have uniformly experienced at your hands. The zeal and ability which you have exhibited in the discharge of your public trusts, have not only enabled you to bring to a successful and highly beneficial issue a most responsible and arduous negotiation, but have also, combined with a high and honorable frankness of character, which has peculiarly marked your intercourse, been the means of producing a most favorable and conciliating spirit on the part of the British government towords the United States.

Such being the sentiments of your fellow citizens here, they feel desirous to manifest them to you, and beg that you will honor them with your company to a dinner which they purpose to give you on such a day as may be most agreeable, and which they hope you will find it consistent with your avocations to appoint. They have requested the undersigned to convey you this invitation and expression of their sentiments.

We have the honor to be, Sir, with the highest sentiments of respect and consideration, your most obedient humble servants,

Joshua Bates,	George Wildes,
Timothy Wiggin,	John Revere,
Thomas Aspinwall,	B. M. Carter,
Alexander H. Stevens,	Gilbert Smith,
J. T. Kirkland,	Robert R. Morris,
C. R. Leslie,	*Richard Biddle*,
Joseph Hill Clark,	T. Willing,
Richard M. Blatchford,	Richard L. Morris,
G. S. Newton,	J. P. Schermerhorn.
Wm. E. West,	

To his Ex'y Louis McLane, &c. &c.

12, Devonshire street, June 10th, 1831.

GENTLEMEN—I have to thank you for your letter of the 8th instant, written in behalf of my "fellow citizens in London," expressing their sense of my conduct, and inviting me to partake of a public dinner before my departure for the U. States.

I am quite incapable of disguising, or of adequately expressing how much I am gratified by this manifestation of kindness on the part of my fellow citizens, and by the estimate they place upon the humble services which the feelings of my heart, no less than a sense of duty, have prompted me to render to the country, and to them individually during my residence at this Court.

Though well assured that you do not exaggerate the importance of cultivating friendly relations between the two countries, I cannot but be sensible that your kindness has over-rated my agency in producing the favorable state of things to which you refer. I have but acted as an auxiliary to the efforts of my own Government, and it is but just to say my task has been facilitated by the frank and amicable spirit with which those efforts have been met by this Government in my negotiations, and the national good will manifested by this people in my general intercourse.

I wish it were in my power, while making you my acknowledgments for your kindness, to avail myself of the occasion you offer of meeting my countrymen together. I have, however, already made arrangements for leaving London early in the next week, with which a compliance with your wishes would be altogether incompatible.—I am, therefore, constrained to decline your very flattering invitation.

I must rely upon the spirit by which your letter was evidently dictated, to excuse any disappointment I may occasion, and tendering you my wishes for the prosperity of yourselves, and of those in whose behalf you write.—I am, gentlemen, with sentiments of sincere regard, faithfully your fellow citizen, LOUIS McLANE.

To Messrs. Joshua Bates and others.

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

FRIDAY MORNING, AUGUST 5, 1831.

Foreign News.—This day's paper contains a mass of interesting intelligence from Europe, and our readers will no doubt be gratified to learn that the gallant Poles still manfully contend for their liberties.

Mayor's Court.—By an *ordinance* passed on the 25th of July, 1831, the Mayor's Court will hereafter be held on the *first* Mondays in March and June, and the *second* Mondays in October and December.

Elections in the City.—By an ordinance passed on the 25th July, 1831, the elections in this city will hereafter be held at the Court-House, as follows:—For the West Ward, at the Commissioners' office; for the East Ward, at the Sheriff's office; for the South Ward, at the office of the Clerk of the Sessions and Orphan's Court; and for the North Ward, at the Prothonotary's office.

Rather Awkward.—Our neighbor of the Democrat sneers at the recent defection of Stephen Simpson from the Jackson ranks, calls him a "poor disappointed office hunter," and adds, "the President had no office in his disposal for this *pure* patriot."—Now, unfortunately for our *pure* President, he had an office at his disposal, which he tenderod to this pure patriot: the Senate, however, interfered, as they did in many other cases, and rejected the nomination—so that if Stephen Simpson was not *rewarded* for his base libels upon Mr. Crawford and Mr. Adams, it was not the fault of General Jackson.

We had supposed that to accuse men of *confusing and distracting the public mind*, and of *undoing all that had been done*, was to *assail* them; but it seems Mr. Butler thinks differently.—Well, let him enjoy this with some of his other peculiar opinions. He also expresses the opinion that we wish to be *neutral* on the subject of the route of the proposed connection with the Ohio canal.—This is a mistake, but a very natural one for him to make. He has no idea of an editor's waiting until he fully understands a subject before he decides. The only question now before the public is this:—Shall we adopt a route which has been *declared* practicable and favorable, or shall examination be made to ascertain whether another *more favorable* route may not be discovered?—Upon this question we have no difficulty in deciding: we profess no neutrality: we are in favor of a full examination and exploration of the country; and, when that is completed, we will advocate the adoption of the *most advantageous* route. Mr. Butler, however, scorns such plodding modes of arriving at a conclusion: he is *told* that there is a practicable route for a canal by the way of Ravenna, but whether there may not be a *more favorable* route, is a matter entirely beneath his notice.—We are decided advocates of a thorough investigation, and we are "neutral" as to a *decision* until that investigation is made. Mr. Butler is decidedly opposed to investigation, and favorable to a particular route, "right or wrong."

James S. Craft's Vote, Nullifying the Right of the People to Petition.—In our last paper we submitted to our readers an extract from the Mercury, defending this obnoxious vote, and giving Mr. Craft's reasons for it. We published it to give our readers a full understanding of the question at issue between ourselves and that gentleman; and we published it without our reply, to give him fair play with our readers. We corrected, to be sure, one mis-statement of a matter of fact in the defence. This we did in justice to ourselves. The case would not have been fairly stated, nor properly understood, if the correction had not been made. According to the Mercury, the prayer of the petitioners was *for a repeal of the Indian bill by the legislature*, when, in fact, it was for our legislature to *request our representatives in congress to advocate its repeal.*

Having corrected this mis-statement, and presented the matter fairly, we submitted it without further comment to the consideration of the public. We pursued this course of liberality to Mr. Craft, not from any particular respect or regard which we feel for him, but because we deem the question to be one of surpassing interest in our republic. It is no mere electioneering item, but a subject which deeply affects the first principles of our form of government. The framers of our constitution have wisely provided that the people shall have a right to assemble and petition for all proper purposes: this constitution is paramount to the powers of our legislature, so that this right to petition can never be *taken away* by a legislative act. If, however, our legislature may, when *they please*, refuse to *consider* petitions, because, as *they may choose to allege*, the prayer of the petitioners is for something "entirely out of the bounds of their authority," the right to petition becomes at once a mere matter of moonshine.—"You have a right to petition," says the legislature to the petitioners: "we can pass no law to deprive you of that right; but when your petition comes before us, we can refuse to hear you, on the ground, *as we can allege*, that what you ask is entirely out of the bounds of our authority."

We do not pretend to assert that Mr. Craft has been taking lessons upon the subject of *nullification* from Col. Hayne, of South Carolina, but really his reasoning bears a striking similarity to that of this great nullifier. Congress has a right to impose duties, says Col. Hayne, but the states have a right to judge of their constitutionality, and if they decide them to be unconstitutional, they become null and of no effect. The people have a right to petition the legislature, says Mr. Craft, but if the legislature decide that the matter prayed for is "entirely out of the bounds of their authority," they need not *consider* the petitions.

Our impression upon this subject is this:—There is a great difference between the case of a petition presented by the sovereign people to their servants in the legislature assembled, and that of a motion made in the legislature by a brother member.—When a motion is made by a member upon a subject which has been frequently discussed or offered, or against which the minds of a majority of the members are made up, it is not extraordinary to refuse to *consider* it, though it is deemed, even in that case, rather uncourteous. But when the sovereign people present their petition, they present it under the impression that they have a right to do so, and if their servants refuse to grant that which is asked for, they should place upon record the grounds of their refusal. In the present case, admit that the legislature had *righteously* determined to refuse to request the Pennsylvania delegation to endeavor to procure a repeal of the Indian *bill*, still the proper course would have been to appoint a committee, and that committee having reported the ground of the refusal, it could be made public for the information of the people.—Mr. Craft urges, as a reason for the refusal to refer, the time that would have been spent in debate.—This is mere flummery: the same majority which rejected the motion to refer, could also arrest debate at any time, or entirely prevent it.

Again: the article in the Mercury says, "now we should like to know what has the legislature of Pennsylvania to do with the affairs of *Georgia and the General Government?* Is our public money to be wasted in legislating on a mere party question, in which *Pennsylvania has no interest*, and of which *she has no right to legislate?*" In reply to these questions, we will ask our readers, has not the legislature of Pennsylvania more to do with the affairs of Georgia and the general government, than with those of France and the general government? Has not Pennsylvania a more direct interest in the affairs of the Cherokees, than in those of the French people? Has she not as much right to legislate in relation to Georgia as to France?—We think our readers will all give an affirmative reply to our questions.

We will now proceed to give an extract from the journals of the last session, to exhibit in a strong light Mr. Craft's inconsistency. At page 51 of the journal, the resolution relative to the emancipation of the French people being undor consideration, we read as follows:—

"A motion was then made by *Mr. Craft*, further to amend the resolution by striking therefrom the following words, viz: "That they rejoice in the emancipation of the people of France, from tyranny of Church and State, royal conspiracy for their further subjugation, their restoration to that sovereignty, which of right belongs to the people alone, and never can be held by an individual but by the people's grant;" and inserting in lieu thereof these words: "*That our Senators in Congress be instructed, and our Representatives be requested, to propose and support resolutions approving of the exertions of the French people, in their late gallant and glorious contest*, for the advancement of their civil and religious liberties, and especially expressing to the great and good La Fayette, the active friend of liberty in two worlds, our admiration of his constancy, philosophy and self denial."

Now we ask Mr. Craft how he can reconcile this motion with his alleged reason for refusing to hear the petitions in relation to the Indians?—The memorials were to *request our representatives in congress to endeavor to procure* a repeal, &c.—Mr. Craft's motion was to instruct our senators and *request our representatives in congress to propose and support* resolutions, &c. If our legislature had no right to interfere in the affairs of Georgia and the general government, what right had it to interfere in the affairs of France and the general government?

Comment upon such inconsistency seems unnecessary: "he who reads may understand."—One remark, however, we must make. A large number of the yeomanry of our state had petitioned the legislature to "*request our representatives in congress*" to do a certain act: Mr. Craft refused to do it; and yet he *voluntarily* and *officiously, of his own mere pleasure, without a single petition urging it*, offered a resolution to "*request our representatives in congress*" to do another act.—Was not this "straining at a gnat and swallowing a camel?"

COMMUNICATION.

An institution has been established in the college at Canonsburgh, Pennsylvania, under the name of the "*Lyceum of Natural Science of Jefferson College.*" The design of this association is to collect and preserve the various objects of Natural History, and the Indian Antiquities in which our western states so richly abound. A considerable collection has already been made, and suitable cases for their arrangement and exhibition will be placed in a spacious apartment in the new college edifice, which is now nearly completed. The alumni of the college, and the friends of natural science generally, are earnestly requested to aid the association in their endeavors to illustrate the natural history and antiquities of our country.—Any donations left with Prof. Halsey, Pittsburgh, or with the Rev. C. C. Beatty, Steubenville, or with the Curators of the Lyceum, at Canonsburgh, will be thankfully received and acknowledged.

From the United States Gazette.

STACY, Jr. vs. WETHERILL & CO.

In the district court for the city and county of Philadelphia, tried on the 18th of October, 1830, before the President of the court and a special jury.

This was an action on the case, and the plaintiffs claimed to recover the amount of damage suffered by them, as owners of the brig Heroine, in consequence of the defendants having caused to be laden on board of said brig, a box containing aquafortis, without communicating to the plaintiffs the contents of the box. The circumstances of the case, as they appeared on the trial, were as follows.

In May, 1826, the Heroine was in the port of Philadelphia, and was receiving freight for New Orleans. The defendants shipped by her three boxes and eight barrels, marked F. M. Jr. also marked glass. But no communication other than that, was made of the contents. The boxes were received by the mate, and carefully stowed by the stevadore.

The brig sailed for New Orleans, and when abreast of Bombay Hook, at about noon, it was discovered that there was something on fire. After cutting away the larboard side of the quarter deck, and pouring in water, it was discovered that one of the boxes which had been shipped by the defendants was on fire. It was got on deck, and thrown overboard; the other two boxes shipped by defendants was brought on deck, opened, and found to contain bottles of aquafortis.

The vessel was detained off Bombay Hook for some hours; proceeded on her voyage, and arrived at New Orleans. The cargo was landed under the inspection of the wardens of the port; a part of it was found to be damaged, and the damage was paid for by the owners of the vessel; and at considerable expense to the owners, the brig was repaired, after some detention. To recover damages for the injury thus suffered, this action was brought.

A number of witnesses were examined on the part of the defendants, for the purpose of proving that the goods were skillfully and perfectly packed—that when in the very act of stowing them, the stevadore was odered to be careful in handling them—that it had not been the practice of the defendants, or of others, sending this article abroad, to mark the contents on the box, or to communicate to the owner or master of the vessel, the nature of the contents.

Evidence was given on the part of the plaintiffs, to show that it was the practice of several individual druggists, to mark on the box the nature of the contents, or have it inserted in the bill of lading, or communicate in some other way to the owner or master, the character of the article, and also, that when the article is known to be shipped, it is usually carried on deck.

The court charged the jury, that the rule of law is, that when an article of a dangerous nature is shipped, the person who ships it, is bound to give notice of what the article is; and if he does not, and it is received in ignorance of its character, the shipper is responsible for whatever damage may ensue from it. The sole question for the jury was, whether the mate who received the box had notice, expressly or constructively, of the nature or the contents.

The jury found a verdict for the plaintiffs for the sum of $357,09 damages, and six cents cost.

Chauncey for the plaintiffs, A. A. Browne and Randall for defendants.

From the N. Y. Journal of Commerce.

THE COFFEE TRADE.

We have been favored by a very intelligent correspondent in Boston, with the annexed statement of the growth and consumption of Coffee throughout the world. In the accompanying note he says, "It is as correct as such general statements can well be made.

It was prepared some three months since, when you loaned me the London Brokers' Pamphlet concerning Coffee, and its accuracy has been tested by every subsequent arrival from Europe, bringing accounts of the reduced stocks of Coffee in the European ports."

COFFEE FOR THE YEAR 1831.

ANNUAL PRODUCTION.

Java now produces lbs.	37,000,000
Sumatra and other parts of India	12,000,000
Brazils	60,000,000
Spanish Main	5,000,000
Cuba	48,000,000
Porto Rico	13,000,000
St. Domingo	25,000,000
British West Indies	28,000,000
Dutch West Indies	10,000,009
French West and East Indies	15,000,000
Total yearly production lbs.	250,000,000

ANNUAL CONSUMPTION.

Holland & the Netherl'ds consume lbs.	88,000,000
Great Britain and Ireland	22,000,000
Germany and the Baltic	85,000,000
France, Spain, Portugal, and the Mediterranean	60,000,000
The United States	50,000,000
Present yearly consumption lbs.	305,000,000
The stocks of Coffee in Europe, Dec. 31, 1830, were lbs.	80,000,000
The stocks of Coffee in the United States, less than	10,000,000
Together,	90,000,000
Whole Growth of 1831,	250,000,000
lbs.	340,000,000
Consump. in Europe & America, 1831	305,000,000
Estimated stocks in Europe and America at end of year	35,000,000
Of which there will be locked up in the United States	20,000,000
Leaving in all Europe, 31st Dec. 1831, only lbs.	15,000,000

The growth of Coffee has yearly decreased from five to eight million pounds since 1828, when it was greatest, and must continue to decrease two or three years more. It cannot be much increased until three or four years after it reaches 10 or 12 dollars in the West Indies. The very low price of Sugar in all countries adds to the increase of Coffee consumption.

	Import.	Consumed.
Import of Coffee in Europe	1826—153,000,000	141,000,000
	1827—202,000,000	181,000,000
	1828—210,000,000	205,000,000
	1829—202,000,000	212,000,000
	1830—198,000,000	228,000,000

The increase of production of Coffee from 1826 to 1830, was 30 per ct.

The increase of consumption from 1826 to 1830, was 60 per ct.

The increase of the production has stopped, while the increase of consumptions goes on and will go on, till checked by high prices.

In 1816 Coffee in Hamburgh was 6mk bco per lb. being 12 cents per lb.

In 1817 it rose in Hamburgh to 8 being 16 cts.
In 1818 it rose in Hamburgh to 16 being 33 cts.
It gradually fell to 12 being 25 cts.
And did not go below 10 (till after 2d) being 20 cts.

Coffee continued to fall in Hamburgh till 1830, when it was worth 3½ mk bco per lb. being about 7 cts. per lb.

In Feb. 1831, it was worth 4½ mk bco 'about 9 c. and had not then reached by 30 per cent; the price from which it started in 1816.

The Stocks of Coffee in Europe*

In 1825 December 31st, were lbs.	74,000,0000
1826	87,000,000
1826	107,000,000
1828	121,500,000
1829	109,700,000
1820	80,000,000
And as shown by foregoing will be in 1831 only	15,000,000

* By Europe is meant the Netherlands, England, France, Hamburgh, Bremen, Copenhagen, St. Petersburgh, and Trieste.

Gov. Cass.—The Scioto (Ohio) Gazette thus speaks of the appointment of this gentleman to the War Office.

"This is the first instance, in our recollection, of the Chief Magistrate of this Republic having been compelled to seek the head of an important department in a *Territory:* the citizens of which are not entitled, by the Constitution of the United States, to all the rights and privileges secured to those of the States. But General Jackson seems to have been, thus far, highly favored with the gift of originating precedents for his successors, and this is one of them. In other respects the appointment is a good one, provided always that the imcumbent be, *bona fide*, a Jacksonian, of which, however, there seem to be reasonable grounds for doubting.

The administration papers, in announcing this appointment have given the credit of it to Ohio. Gov. Cass has not been a resident, or citizen of Ohio for the last 17 years."

Great Signs in Virginia.—The Rockbridge Intelligencer of July 23d, contains the following paragraph:

"Intelligence from every part of Virginia, is indeed truly cheering. Gov. Floyd has renounced the administration, and the people of the whole state are fast imitating his example. We need not, however, go from our county to enumerate political re-actions—some of the most efficient members of the Jackson party have left the cause, and are now found in the ranks of the opposition party. The Lynchburgh Virginian says, that many in that quarter who have been the zealous friends of the Hero, have now erected the National Republican banner, and come out boldly for the great statesman of the West."

An explosion is at hand in one of the most important States of the Union, that will shake all the bones in the skeleton of Jacksonism assunder, More of this by and by.—*Louisville Ky. Reporter. July* 9.

The Camden (S. C.) Journal says, "If Mr. Calhoun disavows the Nullification doctrine, he loses a *party* in South Carolina—let him avow it, and he loses the people of twenty-three States, and *three fourths of those in South Carolina.*"

Cast Steel Hones.—We have tried, says the Providence (R. I.) Journal, to our satisfaction, a cast steel hone, for razors, penknives, &c. made by Messrs. Gelet and Farnum, of this town, and recommend it to those who prefer a sharp to a dull razor. It requires but a few moments to put a razor in excellent order on one of these hones, which can be obtained of the manufacturers at very reasonable prices.

In the town of Georgia, Vermont, a few days since a party of ladies met at the house of a friend, whose ages and descendants as far as known were as follows.

	Ages.	Child.	Grand Child.	G. G. Child.	G. G. G. Children.
Polly Blatchley,	82	9	22	1	
M. Chamberlain	87	10	96	95	3
Miriam Dee,	81	22	88	54	
Eliz. Newton,	86	7	51	3	
Eliz. Stoddart,	86	7	27	40	7
		45	284	193	10

They all reside within one and a half mile of each other. Great numbers were present to witness this assemblage of extraordinary personages. It is seldom that a party of five have been found together, whose descendants amounted to such a number, viz: 482 persons!

Mr. Branch, who lately consented to be a candidate for a member of congress for North Carolina, is likely to be chosen without opposition. Mr. Bynum, a Jackson man, who had been a candidate in opposition to him, has declined, on the ground that Mr. Branch has been treated with harshness and injustice and it is the duty of every citizen of the State fearlessly to sustain him. Some of the personal and political friends of Mr. Bynum, having heard a statement of facts from Mr. Branch, have published a statement, in which they say, that from the facts disclosed they believe Governor Branch to have been treated with injustice, and that he merits the continued confidence of his State, and particularly at this time that of the citizens of his district.—*Poulson.*

A correspondent of the Boston Centinel, mentions the honorable FISHER AMES among the great American statesmen whose decease has taken place on the anniversary of our nation's independence. He died on the 4th of July, 1808.—*Poulson.*

Oysters.—An authorised individual, in the State of New Jersey, has made a report on the subject of the Oyster Beds in the waters of that State.—He says "if the people would pay more attention to the Oysters, and less to party affairs, they would better promote their interests." These beds, properly managed, could easily be made to produce enough to defray all the expenses of the State Government, and relieve the people entirely from State Taxes. A few lots are now leased which produce about $1000 a year, and they do not constitute a hundredth part of the number that might be so disposed of—and numerous new beds might be planted, as the waters are peculiarly suited to the propagation of this excellent shell fish. He recommends a rigid enforcement of the law which forbids the taking of this fish in May, June and July, when they are spawning or small. He says, that in the gross violation of this legal provision, he has seen vast quantities of Oysters taken up, not larger than his finger nails. Our notion here against the use of Oysters in the months that have no R in their names, probably commenced in policy to allow the animal to increase, and they undoubtedly are not so proper for food as at other times. But our regulation seems to be entirely municipal, as at Charleston, Cambridge and Roxbury, the sale continues throughout the year.—There should be a State law on the subject.—*Poulson.*

George M'Clellan, M. D.—We learn with pleasure that Dr. George M'Clellan, who was under obligations to deliver eighty lectures next winter in Cincinnati, and for which service the sum of two thousand dollars was secured to him, has been released from his contract, by the union of two medical colleges in that city. The same offer was renewed to him under the new arrangements which have been made, but he has declined accepting of it. His services, therefore, will be wholly devoted as Professor to the Jefferson Medical College in Philadelphia; and his extensive surgical practice here will, if Providence permit, continue uninterrupted. We rejoice at this result, which we have desired to witness, ever since he became bound, perhaps imprudently, but under very tempting circumstances, to absent himself even for forty days from his important chair in Jefferson College. It is no disparagement to others to say, that Dr. M'Clellan is, alone, a host to any medical college.—*Philadelphian.*

The fortress of Ham, in which the Ex-Ministers of France are to be confined for life, was the last place which surrendered to the Allies, at the close of that memorable campaign which gave peace to Europe.

Incorruptible Mastic.—Take a portion of calcined and pulverized plaster of Paris; add two portions of calcined clay, reduced to powder; let this powder be well mixed with an equal quantity of hydraulic lime, which has been kept in a dry place, free from air; make this a thick paste, with about a quarter of its weight of water. If this mastic be spread upon rafters it will render them completely incombustible. In time it will become as hard as stone, and impervious to wet. The heat will have no effect on it, and after a great length of time it will be susceptible of receiving any sort of color.

Savings.—The Boston Courier, speaking of the Savings Bank in Boston, says, since the meeting in January, there have been made 3771 deposits, amounting to $182,240. There have been 587 accounts closed, and $97,570 35 cts. paid out.

The report of the Treasurer of the New Hampshire Savings Bank, Concord, to July 18, states the amount of deposits by 221 persons at $19-443 20, and that $1538 had been withdrawn by 14 persons. Of the 221 depositers 120 are females, and many young men and children.

In a public lecture lately delivered at Portland, Mr. Noah Webster stated, "that, to prepare himself for the great and principal work of his life, his dictionary, he made himself acquainted with *twenty* different languages."

A neat Compliment.—Spagnolette, the other day, in speaking of his first viola player, declared, "That both as man and a musician he was most praiseworthy; as a man for the tenor of his conduct, as a musician for the conduct of his tenor.

A Windfall.—We understand that a respectable mechanic, now residing in this city, received a letter from London, by the packet ship Corinthian, on Saturday last, announcing the fact, that he had fallen heir to an estate worth £80,000 per annum. The subject of this paragraph is, we learn, a very respectable and pious man, of the Methodist persuasion.—*N. Y. Gaz*

There is now in the possession of Mr. Brewer, at the St. James' street Library, an old map, printed at Amsterdam, in which the Niger is distinctly laid down, throughout its whole course to Biafra, where, agreeably to the recent discovery, it falls into the sea.—*London paper.*

STEAM BOAT NEWS.

ARRIVED.

July 28.	Emigrant,
28.	Facility,
29.	Amulet,
29.	Erie,
31.	Watchman,
31.	Allegheny,
21.	Robert Fulton,
Aug. 3.	Paragon,
4.	Pittsburgh.

DEPARTED,

July 29.	Nile,
29.	Emigrant,
29.	Facility,
30.	Erie,
Aug. 1.	R. Fulton,
2.	Watchman,
4.	Allegheny.

☞River eight feet above low water mark.

NEW GOODS,

83 Market, between Fifth Street and the Diamond.

S. P. CHURCH & CO. have *just* received a large and complete assortment of DRY GOODS. Among them are 20,000 yds. brown and bleached Sheetings and Shirtings; 5000 yds. do. *wet in transportation, and for sale at reduced prices.* 4 cases Broad Cloths and Satinetts; 1500 yds. brown Osnaburg; Green Floor Cloth; Baize; Diapers; Table Cloths; Napkins; Table Covers; Jaconet, Mull, Book, Swiss and Cambric Muslins; Crown Linings; Willows; with a great variety of Fancy Articles for milliners; Brown Grass Cloth for Bonnets; Gloves, Mitts, Hosiery, &c.—Extracted Cambric Ginghams of the *latest style*, with an elegant assortment of SILK GOODS.

All of which are offered WHOLESALE AND RETAIL *at a small advance for cash or approved credit.*

August 5—3m.

Managers' Office, Pittsburgh.

PRIZE LIST of the Union Canal Lottery, Class No. 15, for 1831.—Drawn Numbers: 35, 7, 29, 24, 1, 6, 43, 50, 38.—Numbers 6, 38, 50, Splendid Prize of TWO THOUSAND FIVE HUNDRED DOLLARS!!——Nos. 35, 38, 43, a Prize of $1,000——Nos. 35, 38, 50, a Prize of $1,000, sold to Mr. Hoon, Vender in this city.——Nos. 24, 29, 50, a Prize of $500, in a whole ticket, sold to Mr. Sibbet, Vender in this city—besides several of $400, $300, $200, $100, &c. many of which were sent to our customers in Ohio, amounting over TEN THOUSAND DOLLARS; all sold at the "Prize Selling Office," by GEORGE A. COOK, Agent for Yates & M'Intyre, No. 68 Wood street, Pittsburgh. August 5, 1831.

BREWERY TO LET.—The Washington Brewery, situated in the borough of Washington, Pa. will be leased for a year or term of years, if application is made immediately, on reasonable terms. This establishment possesses many advantages. It is constructed of stone, consisting of the centre building three stories high, and upwards of 30 feet square, a wing 50 feet long, a malt house, an arched vault 50 feet long, a horse mill, and a cooper shop. It is supplied with a constant stream of spring water which can be conducted into any of the apartments. It is near the centre of one of the most fertile, populous, and wealthy counties in the State, and is the only establishment of the kind in the county, and none nearer than Pittsburgh. Possession can be had immediately. For terms apply to the subscriber, in Washington, Pa. BENJ. S. STEWART, *Guardian of Thomas Atcheson.*

August 5—3t.

JOURNAL of the FRANKLIN INSTITUTE, *Vol. VII. No. VI.*

CONTENTS.—On Hygrometic Observations, by J. P. Espy; On Sharpening Razors by Burnishing. *American Patents.* List of American Patents for February, 1831, with remarks by the editor. *Specifications.* For impelling Mills by reaction, Strode's; For Stoves, or Flues, for drying Tobacco, Tuck's; For a Water Wheel, Howard's; For Steam Boilers, Disbrow's; For distilling, Otis'; For Illuminating Gas, Boston's; Remarks on, by the editor; For a Railroad Car, Howard's. *English Patents.* For Manufacturing Sugar, Dersone's; For Evaporating Sugar, Shand's; For Illuminating Gas, Collier & Pinkus'; French ordinances on High Pressure Engines; Results of Machinery; Effect of Trades on Health; New Process of Distillation; Meteorological Observations for May; Index (with a copperplate.)

☞ Subscriptions received by HOGAN & Co. Corner of Front and Market streets.

August 6.

CIRCULAR.

MEDICAL COLLEGE OF OHIO.—The Honorable the Board of Trustees having reorganised the Faculty of this Institution, it will consist, hereafter, of the following professors:

Jedediah Cobb, M. D. *Anatomy.*
Thomas Mitchell, M. D. *Chemistry and Pharmacy.*
Thomas M. Staughton, M. D. *Surgery.*
John Eberle, M. D. *Materia Medica and Botany.*
John R. Henry, M. D. *Obstetrics and Diseases of Women and Children.*
John Morehead, M. D. *Theory and Practice of Medicine.*
Charles E. Pierson, M. D. *Institutes of Medicine and Medical Jurisprudence.*
Daniel Drake, M. D. *Clinical Medicine.*

The course will commence on the last Monday of October, and will end on the last day of February.

The aggregate expense of the tickets, including matriculation, is fixed at one hundred dollars; and the cost of graduation at twenty-five dollars.

The requisitions of candidates for graduation are,

1. Satisfactory certificates of having studied medicine, with some reputable practitioner, three years; or of having attended two full courses of Lectures: or
2. Of having attended three successive courses of Lectures, and studied, as before, all the time between them: or
3. Of having been in regular and reputable practice four years, and having attended one full course of Lectures; or all the cases, the last course, at least, in this Institution.

The opportunities of the study of practical anatomy will be ample, and the lectures of the Professor, in addition to the usual means of elucidation, will be illustrated by the splendid preparations and plates recently purchased in Europe.

The Library consists of more than one thousand volumes of select works, chiefly European.

The Lectures on Clinical Medicine will be founded on the cases presented in *the Commercial Hospital and Lunatic Asylum of Ohio.*

The Trustees are now engaged in the erection of an additional edifice, of such dimensions as will render the accommodations in every respect adequate.

The Medical Department of the Miami University having been merged in the Medical College of Ohio, by the reorganisation of the latter, there will be but one Medical School in Cincinnati next winter. By order.

JAMES M. STAUGHTON, M. D.
Cincinnati, Aug. 6—3t *Dean.*

LAW NOTICE.—The subscriber having this day formed an association with SAMUEL A. GILMORE, Esq. of Butler, will be enabled to transact, with promptness and accuracy, professional business in the counties of Armstrong, Beaver, Butler, and Mercer.

GEO. W. BUCHANAN.
July 8.—iwtf.

TO BRIDGE BUILDERS.

SEALED PROPOSALS will be received by the President and Managers, until 3 o'clock, P. M. on *Thursday, 25th August next*, for the erection of a bridge over the Monongahela river at Brownsville. The river is about six hundred and thirty feet wide; the piers and abutments will have to be from fifty to sixty feet high, to be built of stone, and the superstructure of wood, with two tracks and foot-ways, covered in and painted. A draft or model will have to accompany each proposal. It would be desirable if those intending to propose could visit the place, and make a personal inspection of materials in the neighborhood, and facilities for building, &c. By order of the Board. JAMES L. BOWMAN, Sec'ry.

Brownsville, June 21—wtA25

VALUABLE FARM FOR SALE.

260 ACRES of excellent LAND, (late the estate of Anthony Rollins, dec.) situate in Versailles township, Allegheny county, about one mile from Stewartsville, are offered for for sale. The improvements are, a shingle roofed log house and double barn and other out buildings, with a suitable portion of the land cleared, and in a high state of cultivation. On the premises are two valuable Sugar Camps. Possession may be had on the first day of April next. An indisputable title will be given. Daniel M'Caully, who lives on the place, will show the premises. For further particulars inquire of the subscriber, near M'Grew's mill, in North Huntingdon township, Westmoreland county, who is anthorized to sell said property.

SAMUEL M'GREW.
July 19, 1831—3mow$3

STRAY COW.—Came to the plantation of the subscriber, living on the bank of the Monongahela river, in Pitt township, about the first of July, A BRINDLED COW, with a tail almost white, and a small spot in the forehead: no other marks. She has had a calf since she came. The owner can have her again, by proving property and paying charges.

July 29—3* ROBERT CUNLIFFE.

COBB'S JUVENILE READER!

LUKE LOOMIS & CO., *No.* 98 *Wood st't, Pittsburgh*, (joint proprietors of the copyright,) have just published COBB'S JUVENILE READER, Nos. 1, 2, and 3.

No. 1, containing interesting, moral, and instructive Reading Lessons, composed of easy words of one and two syllables.

No. 2, containing interesting, moral, and instructive Reading Lessons, composed of words of one, two, and three syllables.

No. 3, containing interesting, historical, moral, and instructive Reading Lessons, composed of words of a greater number of syllables than the lessons in Nos. 1 and 2, and a greater variety of composition, both in prose and poetry, selected from the writings of the best American and English authors; with Observations on the Principles of Good Reading.

☞The above series of Reading Books have been very favorably noticed by more than fifty of the most respectable journals in the U. States.—We also annex the following notice, from the proceedings of the Pittsburgh Association of Teachers, under date of 2d April, 1831:

"*Resolved*, That we have examined Cobb's *Juvenile Reader*, Nos. 1, 2 and 3, with very considerable pleasure, and are of opinion that such works have long been a *desideratum* for school books.—Many that have been in use have descended too far below the capacity of those for whose use they were designed, and have dwelt more in fiction than in reality; while others have altogether neglected the reader's capacity, and discussed subjects far beyond the reach of a juvenile mind.—Mr. Cobb has happily blended instruction with amusement, simplicity, and dignity, and has progressively advanced in a greater variety of composition, as well as in the importance and interest of his subject, as the increased capacity and attainments of his readers seemed to require. We think he deserves the thanks of the friends of youth for his valuable labors, and would most cordially recommend for general adoption his Juvenile Reader. THOS. MAYLIN, Pres't.

John Winter, Sec. of P. A. of T.
July 22—5,19,2.

STRAYED OR STOLEN, from the stable of the subscriber, in St. Clair street, Pittsburgh, on the night of the 2d inst. A DARK BROWN MARE, four years old, a black streak along her back, a white blaze in her face, and hind feet white, and about 14 or 15 hands high. TEN DOLLARS REWARD will be paid to any person who will return her to the Exchange stables, Pittsburgh. ROBERT M'KARAHAN.

August 5—3t*

REMOVAL.

WILLIAM ALEXANDER,

CABINET MAKER,

TENDERS his thanks and acknowledgments for a liberal and extensive patronage, and respectfully informs his customers and the public, that he has removed his establishment to No. 235 LIBERTY STREET, at the junction of Smithfield and Liberty streets, where he intends keeping a large and general assortment of CABINET FURNITURE and CHAIRS, made of good materials, in the best manner, and in the newest style.

☞ All orders will be punctually attended to. W. A.

May 6, 1831—w3mo

SYLVESTER'S

Lottery & Exchange Office

NEXT DOOR TO THE EXCHANGE, PITTSBURGH.

S. J. SYLVESTER, of New York, has opened an Office as above, for the sale of Lottery Tickets, and transacting all business connected with the Exchange of Notes, Purchasing of Gold, &c. Adventurers in lotteries are requested to make a trial at the new office. They may rely on being served faithfully, punctually, and attentively. The name of Sylvester is well known in connexion with the selling of prizes. There are hundreds of persons in the United States who have been made independent by their purchases from the Sylvesters in Philadelphia and New York. Prizes sold at this office will be cashed on favorable terms, or the money may be had at any of the Managers' offices in the Union.

S. J. S. will continue his office in New York; his brother N. Sylvester will attend at Pittsburgh. Orders by mail are solicited, and shall meet with the utmost punctuality. For the information of those remitting, Sylvester begs to state he has special permission to refer to Messrs. Yates & M'Intyre.

☞ A semi-monthly paper will be issued from this office containing the drawn numbers of past, and schemes of the ensuing lotteries, a bank note list, counterfeit detecter, and general information. This paper will be sent *gratis* to all who deal with the proprietors.

Exchange buildings, St. Clair street, Pittsburgh.

☞ The schemes now before the public are unusually splendid. Sylvester will keep tickets in all authorised lotteries, and in great variety. When one or more tickets are ordered, postage *need not be paid.* August 2,—tf.

SALE OF LOTS.

In the Addition to the Town of Wheeling.

ON THURSDAY, the 15th of September next, I will offer for sale to the highest bidder, about FIFTY LOTS, adjoining the present Town of Wheeling. These Lots will include about the whole of the ground on the original tract on which the Town was laid out that is eligible for building; water and coal can be had with a trifling expense; the coal within a few rods of the most remote lots, and water it is believed can be obtained any where on the premises by digging twenty feet, some certainly much less. It is not the purpose of the proprietor to give a fictitious importance to this offer, but he believes no property ever offered to purchasers afforded or will afford a more profitable investment to actual settlers than this, and to actual settlers alone he wishes them to be disposed of. The situation of the Lots is elevated and healthy, and commands a fine prospect of the Ohio River. Terms, one third cash, the balance in payments of one and two years with interest. The proprietor will reserve one bid—any Lot sold and the terms not complied with, the sale to be considered void. NOAH ZANE.

August 2.—6w.

ESTEP & QUINBY offer for sale, at their store, No. 137 Wood street,

700 bbls SALT;
70 do. FLOUR;
300 boxes WINDOW GLASS;
50 bbls. MACKEREL;
10 tubs do.;
10 bbls. HERRING;
15 do. FISH OIL;
20 do. TAR;

ALSO,

300 groce GILT COAT BUTTONS;
50 lbs. MUSKRAT FUR;
50 do. NUTRIA do.

Pittsburgh, July 29—w3t.

SIX CENTS REWARD.—Ran away from the subscribers, THOMAS ROBINSON, an indented apprentice to the Glass Blowing business, aged 19. Said boy is large for his age, is much pock marked, and has a very down look when spoken to. It is supposed he went away in company with a man named Goodall, a tailor, for some eastern city. All persons are forbidden to harbor or employ him on any account. The above reward but no charges will be paid for placing him in any jail in the United States, as it it may prevent future depredations on the public.

R. B. CURLING & SONS.
August 2—3t

UNION CANAL LOTTERY

OF PENNSYLVANIA,

CLASS No. 16, for 1831, to be drawn at Philadelphia, on SATURDAY, THE 13TH of AUGUST, 1831. YATES & M'INTYRE, Managers. Sixty Number Lottery, Nine Drawn Ballots.

SCHEME.

1 prize of	$30,000	is	$30,000
2	10,000		20,000
4	5,000		20,000
10	1,000		10,000
1	640		640
20	500		10,000
45	300		13,800
51	200		10,200
51	100		5,100
51	50		2,550
102	40		4,080
102	30		3,060
1479	20		29,580
11475	10		114,750
13395 prizes; 20,825 blanks			$273,760

Tickets	$10 00	Halves	$5 00
Quarters	2 50	Eighths	1 25

Orders from abroad, (post paid,) enclosing cash or prize tickets in former lotteries, will be promptly attended to.

The REGISTER, containing an official statement of the drawing, will be forwarded to each adventurer. Cash paid for prizes on presentation.

Apply to or address
GEORGE A. COOK,
Agent for Yates & M'Intyre, No. 68 Wood street.

Where has been sold and paid, Prizes amounting to near THREE HUNDRED THOUSAND DOLLARS. Aug. 2

UNION CANAL LOTTERY

OF PENNSYLVANIA,

CLASS No. 16, for 1831: to be drawn in Philadelphia, on SATURDAY, AUGUST 13, 1831. Yates & M'Intyre, Managers. Sixty Number Lottery--Nine Drawn Ballots.

SCHEME.

1 prize of	$30,000	is	$30,000
2	10,000		20,000
4	5,000		20,000
10	1,000		10,000
1	640		640
20	500		10,000
46	300		13,800
51	200		10,200
51	100		5,100
51	50		2,550
102	40		4,080
102	30		3,060
1479	20		29,580
11475	10		114,750
34220 tickets.			$273,760

Tickets	$10 00	Halves	$5 00
Quarters,	2 50	Eighths	1 25

Orders from abroad, (post paid) enclosing cash or prize tickets in former lotteries, will be promptly attended to.

A statement of the drawing will be forwarded to each adventurer. Cash paid for prizes on presentation. Apply to, or address,
JOHN SIBBET,
At the Lottery and Exchange Office, No. 114 Market street, corner of Liberty, Pittsburgh.

Where was sold, in Class 6, the Capital Prize of $25,000; in Class 7, the Capital Prize of $5,000, and in Class 10, the Capital Prize of $6,000.
Aug. 2, 1831.

UNION CANAL LOTTERY

OF PENNSYLVANIA,

CLASS No. 16, for 1831; to be drawn in Philadelphia, on SATURDAY, AUGUST 13, 1831. YATES & M'INTYRE, Managers. Sixty Number Lottery--Nine Drawn Ballots.

SCHEME.

1 prize of	$30,000	is	$30,000
2	10,000		20,000
4	5,000		20,000
10	1,000		10,000
1	640		640
20	500		10,000
46	300		13,800
51	200		10,200
51	100		5,100
51	50		2,550
102	40		4,080
102	30		3,060
1479	20		29,580
11475	10		114,750
34220 tickets			$273,760

Tickets	$10 00	Halves	$5 00
Quarters,	2 50	Eighths	1 25

☞For Tickets and Shares, apply to or address
WM. HAMILTON & CO.
No. 17 Exchange Buildings, St. Clair street.
Aug. 2, 1831

☞Stage Drivers Wanted.

I WISH TO HIRE SIX PERSONS TO DRIVE STAGE.

NONE need apply but those who can come well recommended for good horse-masters and first rate reinsmen. For such I will pay from $10 to $18 per month. Apply to
GEO. A. DOHRMAN,
April 27—tf. Steubenville, Ohio.

PUBLIC SALE.—The subscribers, assignees of John Davis, late of Fairfield, Westmoreland county, merchant, will offer for sale, on Tuesday, the 23d day of August next, in the borough of Greensburgh, the following property, viz:---Two lots in the said village of Fairfield, on one of which there are erected a large and convenient store and dwelling house, and on the other a good stable.—Also, two unimproved lots in the village of India, on the Pennsylvania Canal. The said property was assigned by the said John Davis, in April last, to the subscribers, to be sold for the benefit of his creditors who should release his person from arrest or imprisonment within six months from the date of said assignment. Such of his creditors as wish to avail themselves of the benefit of this assignment, are requested to meet the subscribers, at the house of Ephraim Jordan, in said borough, on the day first above mentioned, with their claims properly authenticated, and releases as aforesaid.

ABRAHAM HENDRICKS,
ROBERT M'CREERY,
July 29--3t Assignees of John Davis.

Valuable Real Property FOR SALE.

WILL be sold, at Public Auction, *on Thursday, the eighth day of September next*, on the premises, the LOT OF GROUND at the corner of Main and Union streets, in the town of Wheeling, lately owned by James M. Thompson, measuring 49 feet on Main, and 69 feet on Union street, whereon is erected a valuable Three Story Brick Building, now occupied as four separate stores, but capable of being converted into a less number to suit the convenience of the proprietor. This is one of the most central and desirable business stands in the place, and will always be certain to command good tenants and high rents, if the purchaser does not desire to occupy it himself. Terms, which will be liberal, made known at sale.

MARCUS WILSON,
S. A. WESTCOTT,
MORGAN NELSON,
Assignees of James M. Thompson.
Wheeling, July 13, 1831. [July 15—w8t.]

PATENT PLANING MACHINE.—The right to use this valuable machine, invented and patented by William Woodworth, and known as Woodworth's Patent Planing Machine, may be obtained on application to the subscriber for the counties of Allegheny, Butler, Beaver, Washington, Green, Fayette, Somerset, Cambria, Indiana, Jefferson, Clearfield, M'Kean, Warren, Venango, Mercer, Crawford, and Erie, in the State of Pennsylvania. That part of Maryland lying west of the Blue Ridge; all that part of Virginia lying west of the Blue Ridge, except the county of Ohio. The whole of the state of Ohio except the counties of Hamilton, Butler, and Montgomery. The whole of the state of Kentucky, except the counties of Jefferson, Boone, Oldham, Gallatin, and Campbell. The whole of Indiana, except the counties of Floyd, Clark, Jefferson, Dearborn, and Switzerland. The whole of the state of Illinois, and the territory of Michigan. Rights to use the machine in that part of the United States, named above, will be sold by the single county or in larger districts. As it is presumed that no one will purchase without seeing the machine at work, a description of it is deemed unnecessary. Should any person, however, wish to purchase, and find it inconvenient to visit the places where it is in operation, a machine will be furnished, warranted to plane, tongue and groove, and bring to an exact width and thickness, a white pine board of 12 feet long, and of any width from 1 to 14 inches, in one minute and ten seconds, or an oak board of the same dimensions in 2 minutes and 10 seconds. Machines may be seen at work in the cities of New Orleans, Washington, Philadelphia, New York, Boston, and others at the south and east, at Wheeling, Virginia, and at the saw mill of Messrs. Irwin & Herron, in this city.

Persons desiring to purchase will have the certificates of scientific and practical men who have seen it at work, in the different places in which it has been put up, forwarded to them. They give their opinion as to the great value of the invention, state the time they have seen boards dressed by this machine, and describe the quality of the work as compared with that performed by hand labor.

LEONARD CHESTER,
Acting for the Proprietor.
Pittsburgh Hotel, April 19, 1831.

NOTICE.—*John Hannen* has taken his son-in law, *John E. Park*, into partnership with him in the Drug business, and in the manufacturing of white lead; and all their transactions will be done under the firm of JOHN HANNEN & CO. All persons indebted to John Hannen, are required to make payment without delay.
January 21.

LYNCH & BUTTERWORTH,
Auctioneers and Commission Merchants,
Corner of Fourth and Wood Streets,
PITTSBURGH.

PUBLIC SALES of Groceries, and Furniture every Tuesday and Friday, at 10 o'clock, A. M., and of Dry Goods and Hardware, Fancy Cutlery, Jewelry, &c. every evening, at 7 o'clock, P. M. Liberal advances made on consignments.
April 5—tf.

NOTICE.

THE CO-PARTNERSHIP heretofore existing under the firm of *Towne & Gazzam*, is this day dissolved by mutual consent; those indebted are requested to make payment to A. H. Gazzam, who is authorised to settle the business of the firm, and those having claims will present the same to him for adjustment and payment.

JOHN TOWNE.
Mobile, May 15, 1831. [June 3.—tf.]

NEW BOARDING HOUSE.—James Reynolds, from Geneva, in the state of New York, has opened a BOARDING HOUSE, in the commodious and pleasant brick building, at the corner of Ferry and Fourth streets, where a few genteel Boarders will be accommodated.
July 1—tf

TARIFF FOUNDRY,

AND

STEAM ENGINE MANUFACTORY,

Fronting on First and Water streets, immediately below the Monongahela Bridge.

THE SUBSCRIBERS respectfully inform their friends and the public that they have added to their Steam Engine Manufactory AN AIR FOUNDRY, and are now ready to execute all kinds of Castings, with promptness and in the best manner. Grateful for past favors in the Steam Engine business, they respectfully solicit a continuance of them, and pledge the public that no efforts shall be wanting to give satisfaction.

J. F. & E. GREER.
June 28—1y

☞The following papers will insert the above seven times, mark cost at bottom, and send bills to this office.—Greensburgh Gazette, Brownsville Intelligencer, Washington Pa. Reporter, Maysville Eagle, Louisville Focus. Orleans Argus, St. Louis Republican, Kenawha Va. Banner, Cincinnati Gazette.

CIRCULAR.—The subscribers beg leave to inform their friends and the public generally, that they have associated together for the purpose of transacting a general FORWARDING AND COMMISSION BUSINESS, under the firm of

LITTLE & HAYS,

and have taken that commodious brick warehouse, No. 3 Market street, where they are prepared to receive any consignments directed to their care. As they neither have nor intend having any interest or agency in any boats, correspondents may depend on having their goods forwarded without delay, unless otherwise directed.

They will be constantly supplied with a general assortment of *Pittsburgh Manufactured Articles*, which will be furnished at manufacturers' prices.

Orders and Consignments thankfully received and punctually attended to.

WILLIAM LITTLE,
ROBERT S. HAYS.
Pittsburgh, June 10, 1831----tf

NEW JUVENILE READER.

THE Infant School Reader; consisting of words of one sound, with 150 Spelling Lessons of words of one syllable; the meanings of which are also well explained by words of one syllable. By W. Ballantine—embellished with numerous wood cuts.—"It needs all we know to make things plain."

N. B.—Teachers and parents are particularly requested to examine the above little work, as it is one so well adapted to the instruction of youth. Just published and for sale by JOHN I. KAY & Co., Book-sellers, 51 Market street. June 14.—tf.

WILLIAM WADE having become a partner in the business of M'Clurg & Pratt, their Foundry and Steam Engine Manufactory will, in future, be carried on under the firm of

M'CLURG, PRATT, & WADE.

Their works are now in complete operation, and they are prepared to furnish, at short notice, *Iron Castings* of any description; *Steam Engines* of the latest and most approved models, and of any required power; *Sugar Mills and Kettles*, and *Machinery* of all kinds. They have constantly on hand a large assortment of STOVES, GRATES, and HOLLOW WARE: Also, of SPADES, SHOVELS, and HOES, of superior quality and variety of patterns.

Orders by mail, or left at their warehouse, in Wood street, near the Monongahela river, or at their foundry and steam mills, on the bank of the Allegheny river, immediately above the aqueduct, will be promptly and satisfactorily executed.

M'CLURG, PRATT & WADE.
Pittsburgh, July 22---3w

WOOL WAREHOUSE,
PHILADELPHIA.

SAM'L COMLY having a spacious Wool Warehouse, adjoining the Manufacturers' Market, Nos. 13 and 15 North Water street, Philadelphia, the subscriber having made arrangements with S. C. for that purpose, will devote his attention to the business; and solicits consignments of all kinds of wool to the house, on which liberal advances will be made if requested, and every exertion made to give satisfaction to the wool growers and dealers in the article, to whom information as to prices and the state of the market, will with pleasure be communicated.

JAMES MOTT.

Inquiry may be made of Abishai Way, Samuel Thompson, Mason & M'Donnough, M'Clurg & Denniston, Pittsburgh. May 17---3mo

NOTICE.—All persons indebted to the estate of JOHN M'DONALD, Esq. late of the city of Pittsburgh, deceased, are requested to make payment to the subscribers; and all persons having claims on the estate, will present them to us for settlement.

By the Will of Mr. M'Donald, the undersigned are fully authorised to sell and convey any part of his estate. We offer for sale several fine FARMS and Tracts of Land in this and the neighboring counties, together with a great variety of LOTS in Birmingham and Allegheny-Town. The titles are unquestionable.

JOSEPH PATTERSON,
STEPHEN COLWELL,
Exrs. of John M'Donald, deceased.
May 31—3mo.

WANTED,

GREENSBURGH BANK PAPER—at 35 per cent. discount.

GEORGE A. COOK,
Lottery and Exchange Broker, No. 68 Wood street, Pittsburgh. Nov. 12, 1830.—tf.

NO CURE, NO PAY!

MR. E. H. HALL respectfully informs the public, that he intends opening a School at No. 60 Front street, to *CURE STAMMERING and other IMPEDIMENTS OF SPEECH.*—Having much experience in the business, he feels confident that he shall be able to please all who place themselves under his instructions: and he assures those who do not receive perfect and complete satisfaction, that they will be charged nothing, and paid all reasonable expenses. Those applying to the above, can receive satisfactory references. June 17—6mo.

This is to certify, that I, the subscriber, of Washington county, Pa. have been afflicted with stammering from my youth, and, after taking instructions from E. H. Hall eight days, I have obtained relief, and feel confident that if proper attention is paid to the rule, it will effect a permanent cure. HUGH M'CANDLESS.
May 10th, 1831.

This is to certify, that I, the subscriber, of Washington county, Pa. have been afflicted with stammering from my youth, and have been under instructions to no avail, before I applied to E. H. Hall, and afterbeing with him 6 days, I have found relief, and think that if proper attention is paid to the rule, it will effect a permanent cure.

JAMES BRIMNER.
May 10th, 1831.

Since I gave the above certificate, I have adhered to the rule strictly, and I do believe that I am perfectly and permanently cured, for I feel no inclination to stammer, nor have I for some time, and I do think if any person will attend to it as they should do, they will get clear of it in a very short time, for I did stammer very much, and now it is all off. JAMES BRIMNER.
June 11, 1831.

Receiving & Forwarding House,
NEW ORLEANS.

THE SUBSCRIBER begs leave to inform his friends and the public, that he has established himself in NEW ORLEANS, for the purpose of attending exclusively to the Receiving and Forwarding of Merchandise; and feels confident, from his experience in business, and determination of adopting well regulated and moderate charges, of giving satisfaction to those who may entrust their business to his care. WM. BUCHANAN.

Refer to Messrs. Allen & Grant, Riddle, Forsyth & Co., or M'Kee, Clarke & Co. Pittsburgh.
October 26, 1830--tf.

TO THE PEOPLE OF ALLEGHENY CO.

FELLOW-CITIZENS: I offer myself as a candidate for *SHERIFF*, at the ensuing general election; and I shall esteem it an honor, for which I will ever be grateful, if the result shall prove that I have been considered worthy of your favor and support. WM. GRAHAM, JR.
Pittsburgh, May 24---te

Storage, Forwarding, and Commission
WAREHOUSE.

THE SUBSCRIBERS respectfully inform Merchants, Iron-masters, Salt Manufacturers, and the public in general, that they have commenced the above business, in the new and extensive brick house two doors below the bridge, where they will Receive and Forward GOODS, IRON, SALT, &c. destined for the West by the Pennsylvania Canal, and for the East, by the Northern Turnpike. By strict attention to business, they hope to merit and receive a share of public favors. Charges for Forwarding and Commission will be moderate.

JAMES SPEER,
MARK GRAHAM.
Blairsville, Oct. 27—tf.

FANCY LAMPS,
PLATED CASTERS, &c.

BAKEWELL, PAGE & BAKEWELLS, have just received, direct from the manufactories, and offer for sale, an elegant collection of *Bronze and Or Moulu, Astral and Mantel Lamps*, from ten to thirty dollars per pair; PLATED CASTERS, with cut and moulded bottles, silver edges and handles, from two to ten dollars per set: together with their usual extensive assortment of *PLAIN, PREST, and CUT GLASS WARE,*

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION;

Cut and Moulded Smelling and Toilet Bottles; Cut, Prest & Plain Bureau Knobs, &c. &c. &c.
Pittsburgh, December 25, 1829—tf.

PITTSBURGH & PHILADELPHIA
CLOTHING STORE.

GEORGE C. MORGAN

HAS REMOVED to No. 102, Wood street, and has furnished his Fashionable Clothing Store with a supply of articles in his line, suitable for the present and approaching seasons, and conforming in style and fashion, to the last eastern patterns. His stock comprises the greatest variety, and has been selected with much care as to the quality of the goods.

☞Cloths, Vestings, Trimmings, and Fancy Articles, will be disposed of on the most reasonable terms.

☞Work made to order, on the shortest notice.
Sept. 25.—tf.

THE subscriber wishes to rent the large Three Story Brick Dwelling House and Shop, where he now resides, situated in Liberty, between Market and Wood streets.
March 18.---tf. FELIX BRUNOT.

J. C. BUCKLES,
Commission Merchant,
LOUISVILLE, KY.

IS prepared to Receive, Sell, and Forward every description of GOODS.
December 21, 1827—tf.

To Baltimore and Philadelphia
TRAVELLERS.

THE LINE OF STAGES between Chambersburgh and Baltimore, on the Somerset and Mountpleasant route, has been doubled, and now runs DAILY, (Mondays excepted,) leaving Chambersburgh *at day-light* in the morning, and arriving in Baltimore, early the same evening.

Passengers reach Philadelphia, in this way, the second afternoon, from Chambersburgh, without the loss of any rest; taking the splendid STEAM BOAT LINES, which set out at 6 o'clock in the morning, [via CHESAPEAKE AND DELAWARE CANAL, a work well worth the trip to see.]

REESIDE, Owner.

In all cases where the passengers desire to reach Baltimore in time for the 5 o'clock steam-boat to Philadelphia, they can do so by leaving Chambersburgh at one o'clock in the morning, or immediately after the arrival of the Western Mail Stage. In this way, they arrive in Philadelphia, by eight o'clock the *second morning*, from Chambersburgh.

☞ When a load offers, the stage will run on Mondays. April 23, 1830.—tf.

Valuable Property for Sale.

THE Bank of Pittsburgh offers for sale the following valuable property in this city viz:—ALL that piece of ground, situated on Market street, between Front and Second streets, formerly owned by Abner Barker, containing in Front on Market street thirty feet, and extending back: on which are erected one two story brick dwelling house, with other back buildings.

Also, All that piece of ground, situated on Third street, between Market and Wood streets, formerly occupied as the Farmers' and Mechanics' Bank, containing in Front on Third street twenty feet, and extending back towards Fourth street eighty-five feet; on which is erected a two story brick building.

Also, Adjoining the above, one other lot, containing twenty feet in front, and extending back eighty-five feet; on which is erected one frame building. Between the two last mentioned buildings an alley will be left for the common use of both.

Also, All that piece of ground situated on the north side of Diamond Alley, between Wood and Smithfield Streets, containing in front on Diamond Alley fifteen feet, and extending back half way to Fifth Street, on which is erected a two story brick dwelling house, with back buildings, now occupied by Copernicus Walters.

Also, That piece of ground, situated on Third street, between Wood street and Hay Scale Alley, containing in front upon Third street about twenty feet, and extending back along said alley about eighty-five feet; on which are erected one two story brick dwelling and back buildings.

Also, The undivided half part of that piece of ground, situated on Wood street, between Front and Second streets, containing in front on Wood street about forty-eight feet, and extending back part sixty and part ninety feet; on which are erected two three story brick dwelling houses and back buildings, now occupied by Charles L. Volz and Willard Leonard.

Also, All that piece of ground, situated on the north side of the Diamond, containing in front on the Diamond about thirty-seven feet, and extending back to Jail alley; on which are erected two two story brick dwelling houses and back buildings, now occupied by Ephraim Pentland, Esq. and Mrs. Gormly.

Also, All that tract of Land, situated on Turtle Creek, commonly called "Dirty Camp."

For terms apply to the CASHIER
January 22, 1830.—tf

PRINTING INK.

JUST received from the Manufactory of *Johnson & Son*, a fresh supply of Book and News Ink, for winter and spring use, in kegs from 13 to 28 pounds.

H. HOLDSHIP & SON.
January 1, 1830.—tf

FOR RENT, A three story brick warehouse and back buildings, lately occupied by B. Gleadall, next to Schweppe & Horner's, Third street, near Market str't. Apply to GEO. COCHRAN, of Rd.
January 18—tf.

FORT PITT GLASS WORKS,—The subscribers respectfully inform their friends and the public in general, that they have the above works in their hands, and will continue the Manufactory of

FLINT GLASS, CUT AND PLAIN,

Of various descriptions and patterns; and have appointed L. & P. PETERSON, (corner of Market and Front Streets,) Agents to dispose of the same—where a general assortment will always be kept on hand. Merchants and others will be furnished on accommodating terms.

All orders left with our agents will be thankfully received and promptly executed.

R. B. CURLING & SONS.
September 18 1829.—tf.

The American Fire InsuranceCo.
OF PHILADELPHIA,

DAILY make Insurance against loss or damage by FIRE, on Houses & Merchandise, Job Bacon, Secretary, No. 101 Chesnut street. Philadelphia. GEO. COCHRAN, Ag't,
Sept. 25---tf *No. 26 Wood street, Pittsburgh.*

SHEARS.

THE subscribers are manufacturing revolving and vibrating SHEAR BLADES, of a superior quality. They will be stamped "F. A. Bemis & Co." and warranted to the purchaser.—A sample can be seen at Messrs. L. & P. Peterson's, on the corner of Market and Front streets, and a constant supply will be kept on hand at the manufactory, No. 24 Water street.

ALSO, will be made to order, SHEARING MACHINES of improved construction: price from $50 to $125. Having in operation machinery expressly for grinding, Shears will be ground with the greatest accuracy, at a short notice.

Nov. 17—tf. F. A. BEMIS & Co.

We the subscribers have purchased and made use of Shears made by F. A. Bemis & Co., Pittsburgh, and consider them superior to any in use in this section of the country.

JOHN M'DOWELL,
DANIEL HICKMAN.
Bridgeville, September 15, 1830.

The undersigned have purchased and made use of broad and narrow Shearing Machines, made by F. A. Bemis & Co., and can recommend them to the public, as superior to any we have before used or seen in operation. R & J. HALL,
Sept. 23. *Manufacturers, near Pittsburgh.*

We the undersigned have in operation a Shearing Machine, and also a set of Blades, made by F. A. Bemis & Co., and feel confident in recommending them to the public, as articles superior in their kind to any we have used or seen in this country. A. & J. MURPHY.
Fleecedale Woollen Manufactory, Sept. 29, 1830.

Pittsburgh Starch Manufactory.

STARCH manufactured at the above establishment, may be had at the store of George Kirkpatrick, No. 8 Diamond Alley, or at either of the following stores---James Park & Co.; Tassey & Church; I. R. Smith & Co.; J. D. Davis, or Gabriel Adams. ALEX. FERGUSON,
June 18.—tf. GEO. KIRKPATRICK.

DOCTOR ROBERT'S
☞WELCH MEDICAMENTUM.☜

FOR the cure of Dyspepsia, Liver Complaints, Jaundice, Cholic, Fever and Ague, Dysentery, Headach, Loss of Appetite, Flatulence, Hypochondria, Hysterics, Dropsical Complaints, and Heartburn. It also prevents all Bilious disorders, and removes habitual Costiveness, Asthma, Strangury, Gravel, Rheumatism, Gout, and Impurities of the Blood.

A person who uses this Medicamentum will not require the use of the lancet, or any means of the healing art. It restores and revives the animal spirits, invigorates the system, removes nervous tremors, obtunds rheumatic and anthritic pains, and prevents their return. It cleanses the stomach of all morbid humors, which cause indigestion, acidities, headach, and lowness of spirits; cures all bilious disorders, and all cholics of the stomach and bowels, almost immediately; inspires cheerfulness; gives comfort to the dropsical; takes away palpitation of the heart; gives circulation to the blood; restores bloom to the sallow or sickly cheek, and plumpness to the meagre habit; purges without pain, and banishes all cause of fever of every kind. It acts on the stomach, that great reservoir of the human system, a diseased state of which causes all diseases. No alteration in the usual habits of life is required, but the abstaining from distilled ardent spirits.

CERTIFICATE,
From Rev. Derick Lansing, D. D., Pastor of the Second Presbyterian Church in Utica.
UTICA, Jan. 6, 1830.

To Dr. Hitchcock.—Dear Sir: I have always been one of the number of those who have placed little confidence in *nostrums* or *specifics*, and for this reason, although I saw your advertisement of the Welch Medicamentum, I could not bring my mind to consent to use it. My sufferings, from indigestion, during the past summer, were so severe, as materially to affect my comfort, and my capacity for usefulness. I have reason to thank you, sir, that, on hearing of the state of my health, you kindly sent me your Medicamentum. I have taken it faithfully, and with entire success. I have not been visited with one of those turns of distress, which before were weekly periodical, since I began to take your valuable medicine. Could I receive the same relief which I have hitherto experienced, on condition of taking it for life, I should cheerfully comply with such condition. Your's, very truly, D. C. LANSING.

☞Sold by THOMPSON & MILLER, at their Drug Warehouse, No. 81 Wood street, Pittsburgh. Nov. 26--tf.

WANTED,

ONE thousand five hundred and one thousand dollars, on mortgage, well secured on Real Estate in this city. Inquire of
N. HOLMES,
Sept. 17.—tf No. 33 Market street.

ALLEGHENY LOTS.

FOR SALE, a number of LOTS, fronting on the Broad Common in the rear of the town of Allegheny. These Lots afford the most desirable seats for country residences of any now offered for sale. The terms will be extremely favorable. A credit of from one to five years will be given to purchasers. A plan of the Lots is left at the office of Discount and Deposit and at the bank of Pittsburgh, for the inspection of purchasers.

W. Robinson, Jr.
Aug. 25, 1826.—tf. *Allegheny Town*

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN.

THAT the Charter of the Pittsburgh Manufacturing Association being about to expire, it is intended to close its affairs as soon as possible. All persons indebted to the Institution are required to make immediate payment to George Cochran of Rd. Agent of the Association, and all persons having claims against it, are requested to present the same for settlement.

B. BAKEWELL,
THOMAS HAZLETON,
WM. PORTER,
THOMAS FAIRMAN,
JOHN SPEAR,
Com'tee for closing the Affairs of the Association.
Pittsburgh, Feb. 9, 1830.—tf.

PUBLIC NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN That the Notes, Book Accounts, and all other property of Robert Patterson and J. H Lambdin, late Stationers and Paper Manufacturers, trading under the firm of R. Patterson & Lambdin, have been assigned to the subscribers this day, for the benefit of creditors.

HENRY HOLDSHIP,
C. ANSHUTZ,
MARTIN RAHM.
Pittsburgh, Sept. 22, 1823---tf

FINDLAY & MADEIRA

HAVE REMOVED their Wholesale and Retail Drug Store, to the corner of Front and Market streets. Jan 21---tf

W. B. M'CLURE,
ATTORNEY AT LAW.

OFFICE No. 44 Fourth street, under Lambdin's Museum. April 8---tf

TO BE LET.

THAT well finished THREE STORY BRICK HOUSE, at the corner of Grant and Second streets, now occupied by Mr. James Gray. Apply to D. S. SCULLY, Esq. or HARMAR DENNY.

ALSO, The Three Story Brick House adjoining, now occupied by J. & D. Moore. Immediate possession to be given. Apply, in the absence of Wm. Croghan, Esq., to D. S. SCULLY, at his office, in the Diamond. April 8—tf

JOHNSTON & STOCKTON,
Booksellers, Printers, Book-Binders and Paper Manufacturers.

No. 37, Market Street, Pittsburgh
March 14.—tf.

HUGUS'S ARRACK.—An additional supply of this pure Domestic Liquor has been received from the manufacturer, and is now offered for sale by COCHRAN & IRWIN,
June 28. Nos. 108 and 110 Second street.

120 BARRELS REFINED SUGAR, from the manufactory of N. Goodale, New Orleans, now landing per s. b. Highlander, for sale on consignment, at reduced prices, by COCHRAN & IRWIN, Nos. 108 and 110 Second street, June 17---tf

50 BOXES EASTERN CUT TACKS, received on consignment, and for sale at manufacturers' prices, by
COCHRAN & IRWIN,
June 17 Nos. 108 and 110 Second street.

FOR SALE.

A NUMBER of valuable BUILDING LOTS in the vicinity of this city, part of the estate of Dr. George Stevenson, late of Wilmington, (Del.) deceased. For terms apply to the subscribers.

W. M'KNIGHT,
HARMAR DENNY,
J. SNYDER,
Pittsburgh, Nov. 3, 1829---tf. *Executors.*

LAW NOTICE.

GEORGE SELDEN has removed his office to No. 18 in the Diamond, next door to Alderman Lowrie; where, having no other pursuit to which his attention is directed, he devotes himself exclusively to the profession of the law. Jan 7

☞PLOWMAN'S PRINTING INK.

PLOWMAN'S Superior PRINTING INK, for fall use, in kegs containing 24 lbs., for sale by HOGAN & Co., Corner of Front and Market streets. Pittsburgh, Sept. 10.--tf.

NEW ORLEANS and MOBILE PAPER received at this office at 5 per cent. discount.
GEORGE A COOK,
Lottery & Exchange Broker, No. 68 Wood street
November 19, 1830.

MOROCCO

THE subscriber, having commenced the manufacture of MOROCCO, has now for sale Morocco suitable for the following purposes:

Boots and Shoes, (Goat and Deer Skins.)		
Boot and Shoe Linings, (Roans and Yellows.)		
Coachmakers' do.	(variety of colors.)	
Hat Linings,	do.	do.
Bookbinders,	do.	do.
Trunkmakers,	do.	do.
Saddlers,	do.	do.
Striped Bindings.		

☞The above articles will be sold at eastern prices. Having in connexion Mr. George Pierce, an experienced workman, the quality and colors will be warranted. Dealers in the article will find the prices reasonable.

JOHN CALDWELL,
Corner of Third street and Redoubt Alley.
Pittsburgh, Feb. 9—tf

THOMAS ANDERSON & CO.
Auctioneers and Commission Merchants,
LOUISVILLE, KY.

Refer to M'KEE, CLARKE & Co. }
JAS. ADAMS, JR. & Co. } Pittsburgh.
HAMILTON STEWART, }

STORAGE & FORWARDING.—Thomas Anderson & Co. have extensive warehouses, and are prepared to Receive and Forward Merchandise, in any direction required
May 14, 1830.--tf.

Kensington Rolling Mill.

S. & R. LEONARD have associated with them A. M'N. SEMPLE. The business in future will be conducted under the firm of LEONARD, SEMPLE & LEONARD; at the above place, on the Monongahela River, above Suke's Run.

The agency of W. H. Hays is discontinued.

LEONARD, SEMPLE & LEONARD intend making and constantly keeping on hand the following kinds of IRON, of the neatest and best quality, which they offer on accommodating terms:

1d. 2d. 3d. 4d. 5d. 6d. 8d. and 10d. Hoop,
Round and Square, from 1-4 in. to 3, in.
Nail, Chain, Deck, and Spike Rods.
Tire and Flat Iron,----all sizes.
Pittsburgh, May 21, 1829—tf.

DAVY'S CONSOLATIONS.

JUST published, and for sale, by Hogan & Co. Corner of Front and Market streets, CONSOLATIONS IN TRAVEL; or the Last Day's of a Philosopher; by *Sir Humphrey Davy*, Bart. late President of the Royal Society. With a sketch of the Author's Life, and Notes, by Jacob Green, M. D. Professor of Chemistry in Jefferson Medical College. Sept. 21.—tf.

AUCTION GOODS.

M. S. MASON & M'DONOUGH,
46 WOOD STREET,
Are now receiving a very extensive and choice assortment of
European, India, and American,
DRY GOODS,

EMBRACING every variety suited to the *Western Trade;* and having been selected with particular care, at the *New York and Philadelphia Auctions*, are offered at wholesale, for cash or approved paper, at a small advance.

Country merchants can always depend on being supplied with the latest style of Importations; and in consequence of one of our firm being now in *Europe*, we are enabled to *import* our *Foreign Goods* at much cheaper rates than usual, and most respectfully solicit an inspection of our stock.

M. S. MASON & M'DONOUGH.
September 3, 1830.

PAPER HANGINGS

THE subscribers having enlarged their *Paper Staining Establishment*, and procured some of the best workmen from the eastward, now offer for sale, wholesale and retail, *at the Philadelphia prices*, a choice assortment of

COMMON, GLAZED AND RAINBOW
PAPERS,

Of the latest patterns, and equal to any heretofore sold in this market; a constant supply of which, in all their varieties, with suitable borders, will be kept on hand.

Also on hand, a large assortment of FRENCH WALL PAPERS and

Velvet Bordering.

H. HOLDSHIP & SON,
Corner of Wood & Third Streets.
October 10—tf.

THE subscribers have entered into partnership for the purpose of carrying on the Foundry and Steam Engine Business, under the firm of

M'CLURG & PRATT.

They beg leave to inform their friends and the public generally, that their Foundry is now in complete operation, immediately above the aqueduct, on the Allegheny river, where they are prepared to execute orders for Castings of every description, in the best manner and with the greatest possible punctuality. Their steam mill, for boring, turning, or grinding heavy castings, is also in operation, and shops for making STEAM ENGINES of any required power, and SUGAR MILLS and machinery of every description.

They feel assured that from their knowledge of the business, in all its branches, their attention and punctuality, they will continue to receive a share of public patronage.

ALEX. M'CLURG,
FRANCIS PRATT.
December 7, 1830---1y

COCHRAN & IRWIN have Removed to Nos. 108 and 110 Second street, near Wood street, adjoining Wetmore & Haven's Queensware store, and J. Park's grocery, where they will be constantly supplied with

Writing, Wrapping and Printing Paper;
Broadcloths, Cassinets, and Jeans;
Plaids, Checks, Tickings;
Brown Sheetings and Cotton Yarn;
Also, Cotton and Union Drillings;
Diaper and Table Linen;
Machine Cards, in sets or in pieces, to order;
(Factories supplied on the shortest notice.)
Wood Screws and Tacks, at eastern prices;
Blanchard's cast steel Corn and Grass Scythes;
Thompson's and Nelson's Sickles;
Lamont's Patent Vices;
Plated Ware for Saddlers;
Window Glass and Hollow Glass, all sizes;
White and Red Lead; Nails; Iron;
And a general assort't of *American Manufactures;*
10 hhds. Leaf Tobacco,
40 bales Cotton, prime quality,
20 hhds. Sugar,
50 bbls. Mackerel, Nos. 1 and 2, for sale as above. April 15---tf

BARTRAM'S Hammered Spades and Shovels, warranted of a superior quality—also, Bartram's Prime Axes, Mattocks, Canal Picks, Hoes, Trace Chains, Log Chains, &c. For sale by H. MAC SHANE,
March 22, 1831,--tf Front street.